#### Libyan officers defect, Sudan says

KHARTOUM (R) - Ten Libyan army officers defected to Sudan and said they had joined a Libyan opposition group, the Sudan News Agency (SUNA) reported Monday. SUNA said the officers, from the Libyan Military Industry corporation, were on a two-year training course in West Germany and came to Sudan on Saturday, The agency said the defectors had joined "the National Front for the Salvation of Libya," a group opposed to Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi. SUNA did not disclose the names or ranks of the officers nor gave any details of their defection and said they would give a news conference on Thursday. Sudan and Libya are at loggerheads because of sharp political differences. Sudanese President Jaafar Numeiri has repeatedly accused Col. Qadhafi of inciting trouble inside Sudan to topple him, a charge which Libya denies.



#### PLO rebels stage armed assault

DAMASCUS (R) - Palestinian mutineers tried to storm a Pajestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) commando base near Damascus but were repelled after a gunbattle with fighters loval to PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, the base's commander said Monday. The training camp's commander, who declined to be named, said two defenders had been wounded in the 15-minute shoot-out during the daylight assault on the training camp Sunday. The camp which came under attack is about 500 metres from one of six PLO supply depots seized by the mutincers last Saturday as they stepped up their three-week-old revolt against Mr. Arafat's moderate leadership. Armed Palestinian guards were posted on rooftops and in the trees surrounding the camp. The scars of automatic rifle fire were visible on walls.

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, Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria I pound; Lebanon I pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

#### Hassan returns

king and

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan returned home Monday at the end of a short private visit to Britain. Prince Hassan was met at the airport by His Majesty King Hussein. Royal Court Chief Ahmad Al Lawzi. Court Minister Amer Khammash. Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid. Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief Lt.-Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, Chief Islamic Justice Ibrahim Al Oattan, Interior Minister Ahmad Obeidat and a number of officials.

#### U.K. airlines to be banned from Qalandiya

TUNIS (R) - The British government has decided to ban its air lines from using the Qalandiya airport in occupied Arab Jer-- a q usalem. Arab League sources said · Monday. The decision was made  $r_{IO}$  in light of the efforts made by the council of Arab ambassadors in - London to explain to the British res to officials that the measure which the Israeli occupation authorities :. intend to apply by expanding the : :: airport and making it an intemational airport is an illegal measure and is in violation of United Nations resolutions in this respect, the sources said.

#### Israelis warned against bread, juices

idni v는 AMMAN (J.T.) — Israeli soldiers in Lebanon have been warned against buying peta bread and soft drinks locally for fear that they may contain booby traps, the Jerusalem Post reported Monday. The newspaper added that in a number of recent incidents Israeli soldiers home bought food supplies, especially fruit juice which had been booby trapped with exp-

#### -Abu lyad, Sabah hold talks

KUWAIT (R) - Kuwaiti Foreign Vimister Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah Monday discussed the situation in Lebanon's eastern Bekaa Valley with Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Executive Committee member Salah Khalat, Mr. Khalaf, who is also four known as Abu Iyad, told reporters after the meeting that he had briefed Sheikh Sabah on what he called the latest problems within the Fateh movement, the mainstream Palestinian faction.

#### Iragis destroy 'naval target'

3AGHDAD (R) — Iraqi planes ittacked and destroyed "a large" inemy naval target at the norhern tip of the Gulf in the war vith Iran, a military communiqueaid Monday.

#### INSIDE

- World Food Programme to provide \$3.4 million aid to develop agriculture in Jordan, page 3 Foot's chances dwindling.
- Pelican is no more an endangered species, page 5 Durie upsets Austin to reach French Open semifinals. page 6 Expens say Soviet economy in malaise, page 7

Conservatives tipped to bag landslide victory in British elections, page 8



Arvid Pelshe, 84-year-old soviet politburo member asses away, page 8

# Syria-Israel tension eases but guerrilla attacks mount

BEIRUT (R) — Tension between Syrian and Israeli forces entrenched in eastern Lebanon abated Monday but commando attacks on Israeli troops appeared to be on the increase.

The Israeli army said there were four such attacks Sunday, including one near the mountain town of Bhamdoun in which two soldiers were killed and three

Lebanese radio stations said the front line in the eastern Bekaa. Valley was quiet. For the first time in three days, there were no reports of Israeli reconnaissance planes being fired on from Syriancontrolled areas.

Israel put its forces on high alert after Syrian manoeuvres in the Bekaa and an aerial confrontation with the Syrians on Wednesday -- the first for almost a year. Damascus said the exercises ended on

The Palestinian news agency WAFA said the "Lebanese National Resistance Front" was responsible for the "dramatic escalation of military operations against Israeli invading forces."

The front is an organisation believed to be made up of Lebanese leftist parties who fought alongside Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) forces.

Liberation Organisation (PLO)

officials Monday denied a report

that there had been an attempt to

Yasser Arafat in eastern Lebanon

The officials were commenting

on an unconfirmed report on Leb-

anon's right-wing Falangist radio

which said one of Mr. Arafat's.

aides was killed in the attempt at

2.30 a.m. (0030 GMT) just on the

Lebanese side of the border with

The radio report gave no source

and was ignored by other Leb-

PLO officials in Damascus said

Mr. Arafat Monday toured his

men's bases behind Syrian lines in

north and east Lebanon. The Fal-

angist radio report was baseless

and aimed at destroying the Pal-

The Falangist radio is the mou-

thpiece of Lebanon's rightist Fal-

angist Party which strongly opp-

Mr. Arafat, who heads the ove-

rall PLO as well as its biggest

commando group Fateh, hás been

struggling to maintain unity

among his fighters after a-revolt

Last week, Mr. Arafat cut off

retaliated by taking over several

Fateh supply depots near Dam-

The PLO chief's supporters said

ANKARA (R) — Turkey and

other's troops to cross their border

to pursue Kurdish rebels. Iraq's

ambassador said in an interview

cross-border swoop by Turkish

troops into Iraq and the action was

approved by Baghdad in advance,

Ambassador Taha Mahmoud Al

In the interview with the Tur-

kish newspaper Gunes he said

from 1,500 to 2,000 "separatist

adventurers," a term used to des-

cribe Kurdish guerrillas, were cap-

Turkey and Iraq "had granted

the right to enter each other's soil

in order to pursue and eradicate

these terrorists... to protect the

region and the border, Turkish

soldiers will be able to enter Iraq

and vice-versa," Mr. Kaysi was

Iraqi forces joined in last week's

published here Monday.

Kaysi added.

tured in the thrust.

quoted as saying.

three people were wounded by icial said.

estinian cause, they said.

oses the PLO.

line against Israel.

ascus on Saturday.

early Monday.

Rising concern in Israel

The attacks have led to rising concern in Israel that the army is becoming bogged down in a virtual war of attrition against Palestinian commandos operating from behind Syrian lines.

Israel, which has repeatedly vowed not to get entangled in such a conflict, has reported an upsurge of commando activity this month, resulting in the loss of seven soldiers and 61 wounded.

The latest casualties came Sunday when two military vehicles were hit by bazooka and small arms fire in an ambush on a winding road south of the Shouf mountain town of Bhamdoun.

The army said two sergeants were killed and three men wounded, and blamed it on "ter-

Three other smaller incidents were reported Sunday.

A senior Arafat aide. Salah

Khalaf (Abu lyad), was quoted

sidents to save their energy for the

WAFA, in a dispatch issued

The Palestinian news agency

Nicosia, quoted him as saying he

believed "the Israelis seriously

intend war" and had recently

added two divisions to their troops

said the dissident movement wit-

hin Fateh should not be exa-

ggerated and the problem should

be solved through dialogue.

now facing a strong challenge. it

would be better to close ranks and

gather energy for this battle (with

Israel)." Abu Ivad was quoted as

The state-run Syrian media

have ignored the revolt and off-

an "internal Palestinian affair."

prime minister and a leading opp-

onem of a U.S.-backed accord for

the withdrawal of Israeli troops

from Lebanon, another PLO off-

Asked about the agreement, a

kesman said: "The Foreign Min-

istry has never signed such an agr-

eement but this does not mean

there is no agreement. There are

Turkish Foreign Minister Ilter

Monday after handing a message

to Iraqi President Saddam Hus-

sein from Turkish military ruler

Kenan Evren dealing with areas of

Mr. Turkmen arrived une-

Neither Turkey nor Iraq has

xpectedly in Baghdad Sunday fol-

lowing the thrust by Turkish tro-

confimed that last week's action.

which official sources said inv-

olved more than 2,000 men, was

aimed against Kurdish guerrillas.

But informed sources said there

was no doubt that Kurds were the

bilateral cooperation.

other channels.

ops into Iraq.

target.

takeover of the depots.

supplies to the dissidents, based in in Tripoli with Lebanese elder sta-

north and east Lebanon, but they tesman Rashid Karami, a former

Iraq, Turkey to allow

troops to cross border

Iraq have each agreed to allow the Turkish Foreign Ministry spo-

"Since Syria and the PLO are

Abu Iyad. speaking in Kuwait.

confrontation with Israel.

within Lebanon.

WAFA reported.

The latest attacks came as tension appeared to be easing along the Syrian-Israeli ceasefire lines in central and east Lebanon following the completion of the Syr-

PLO officials deny report

of attempt on Arafat's life

DAMASCUS (R) - Palestine gunfire as the rebels took over the

assassinate Palestinian leader Monday as calling on the dis-

depots.

ian exercises.

Israeli Deputy Prime Minister Simcha Ehrlich said Monday that Israel would not put up with Syria allowing commando activity from its territory against Israeli forces

in Lebanon. Speaking during a tour of nor-thern Israel, Mr. Ehrlich said that in the past there had been an agreement under which Syria prevented such operations from areas it controlled.

"This agreement must continue to be observed," he said. Israeli military sources said a prolonged period of "up and down

tensions may lie ahead." They voiced particular concern about the situation near the Beirut-Damascus highway, saying that because of the difficult terrain there was less Syrian control of the

commandos. Israeli newspapers spoke of fears that Syria might condone increased harassment of Israeli forces to ram home its opposition to the Israeli-Lebanese agreement on withdrawing foreign forces from Lebanon.

So far Israel has imposed no deadline for implementing the agreement for withdrawing from Lebanon, which is dependent on the Syrians also leaving.

Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir, on a tour of West territory occupied by Israel."

DOHA (R) - Lebanese Prime

Minister Shafiq Al Wazzan was

quoted Monday as saving his gov-

ernment would enlist Arab help or

wage a popular liberation war if

Israel did not withdraw from Leb-

In an interview published in the

daily Al Raya and Al Arab papers

here, Mr. Wazzan was quoted as

saying: "We have submitted a

memorandum to the United States

"If Israel does not withdraw, we

will consider the agreement on

troop withdrawal invalid and will

use all means to secure a wit-

hdrawai. This means we will enlist

the help of our Arab brothers. the

anese territory.

stating our position.

Europe, was reported to have said in Brussels that the government was "not going to wait indefinitely. We have several other options.

Mr. Shamir said these included a redeployment of Israeli troops to safer positions in South Lebanon. Israeli military sources said if this happened Israel would almost certainly contact the U.S. and Lehanese governments and no such contacts had started.

A United Nations spokesman said that a Fijian soldier serving with the U.N. peace-keeping troops in South Lebanon was shot dead after an argument at a checkpoint with a member of the Lebanese militia of Saad Haddad on Sunday.

State-run Beirut Radio reported that a group of Palestinians fired a single Katyusha rocket early Monday morning near the town of Ghazze, about five kilometres behind the front line. Quoting its local cor-

respondent, the radio said it was not known where the rocket landed. Syrian troops confiscated the launching pad and drove the commandos off, it said.

WAFA, in a report received in Nicosia, said: "Attacks on Israeli troops have occurred throughout the whole breadth of Lebanese

United Nations or wage a popular

editors visiting Beirut last week.

in Lebanon's Bekaa Valley, Mr.

Wazzan said Lebanon had not

But, there has been little time

expected what he called a Syrian

to hold high-level consultations to

The premier was quoted as say-

let things take shape." he added

ing that at the start of the U.S.-

sponsored negotiations between

his country and Israel, he had rej-

ected an offer by Israeli Prime

Minister Menachem Begin for a

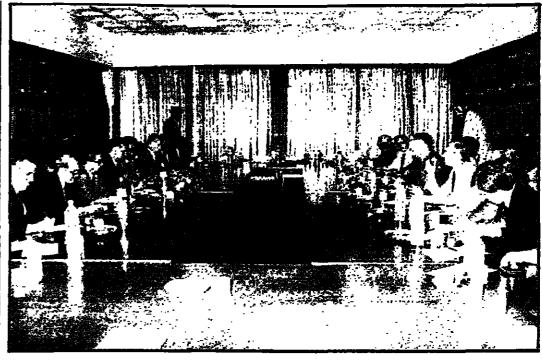
meeting in occupied Jerusalem.

escalation of the situation.

He gave the interview to Oatari

Commenting on recent tension

liberation war.



Members of the National Consultative Council (NCC) headed by Speaker Suleiman Arar (fourth from left) Monday hold discussions with a visiting

delegation from the European Parliament (Petra

### Arar says Mideast solution should be based on Palestinian self-determination

AMMAN (J.T.) - Any solution to the Middle East conflict which ignores the Palestinians' right to self-determination cannot serve as a basis for a comprehensive settlement to the region's problems, National Consultative Council (NCC) Speaker Suleiman Arar told a visiting delegation from the European Parliament Monday.

In a separate meeting. Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem explained to the delegation the "dangers posed by Israel's occupation of Lebanon, the destruction it has caused." and the Zionist state's refusal to abide by the will of the international community, "which has repeatedly called on Israel to withdraw from Lebanon unconditionally and without achieving any gains from its aggression," the Jordanian News Agency, Petra, said.

Mr. Arar called on Europe to owards the military aid and political support Israel is receiving and to take a more active role in efforts for Middle East peace. Petra said.

"This European indifference is one of the basic factors which encourage Israel to continue its aggressive and expansionist policy and as long as the European attitude continues the Middle East's future will remain in a state of insecurity," the agency quoted Mr. Arar as saying.

As examples of the "aggressive and expansionist Israeli policy." Mr. Arar cited the Israeli bombing of an Iraqi nuclear reactor in 1981 and the invasion of Lebanon last year. "After displacing the Palestinian people from their homeland. Israel went as far as att-

acking the Iraqi nuclear reactor. and occupying the land of a United Nations member-state (Lebanon)." Mr. Arar said.

Jordan's position in the Middle East conflict, as declared by His to get acquainted with the facts Majesty King Hussein, asserts the need for a just solution, based on Israel's withdrawal from all Arab territories and aimed at enabling the Palestinians to regain their legitimate rights, Petra quoted Mr. Arar as saying.

"Israel believes only a dictated peace which is rejected by Jordan and all civilised and peace-loving people of the world," Mr. Arar

The head of the European delegation emphasised Europe's interest in achieving a just Middle East peace. Petra said. "What is happening in the Middle East directly affects Europe and we seriously think that there is a danger abandon its "indifferent" attitude of war in the area." Petra quoted tion nead as saving.

"The European Economic Community (EEC) is not indifferent to what is happening in the Middle East. Although we are allies of the United States in the North Atlantic Treaty Orgunisation (NATO), we do not endorse the actions of the U.S. or any other country in supporting aggression." he said.

We have sharp ditterences with the U.S. over the Middle East issue and we voiced these ditterences through the (EEC) Venice Declaration (of 1980)," the delegation leader said. "Europe feels that many events in the world depend on the two superpowers. and we are adopting a policy which enable us to express our own opinion on world events." he

"We refuse to accept peace based on fait accompli and support peace based on justice and fairness. We are visiting the area and to convey these facts to our parliaments and countries so that

they could follow a realistic policy

in efforts for achieving peace in the Middle East." the delegation Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem, who also received the delegation at his office Monday, explained to the delegation members

the "threats posed to the security and stability of the area as a result of the continuation of the Israeli occupation and the policy of expansion as well as the establishment of more settlements in the occupied Arab territories." the age-Mr. Qasem also explained the

Lebanese territories, the destruction this occupation has caused, and Israel's refusal to abide by the will of the international community, which has called on Israel to leave Lebanon unconditionally and without achleving any gains from its aggression against Lebanon."

Mr. Oasem called on the world community and the European community in particular "to shoulder their responsibilities in repulsing the aggression and ending the occupation as well as exereising effective pressure on Israel to respond positively to the peace efforts, to end the construction of settlements and the evacuation of Arab residents from their land."

### **Economic summit backs** U.S. Euromissile policy WILLIAMSBURG, Virginia (R) precise language and format. - Leaders of the world's major U.S. Secretary of State Ge

'Beirut may seek Arab help'

firmly endorsed President Reagan's policy on nuclear missiles in Europe.

icials in Damascus say they are not The seven-nation summit isstaking sides in what they regard as ued a declaration Sunday expressing support for the North Atl-Palestinian sources said this is antic Treaty Organisation's what Syrian Foreign Minister (NATO) plans to deploy 572 U.S. Abdul Halim Khaddam told two nuclear missiles in Europe later earlier this month by several Fatch top Palestinian officials who held this year unless the Soviet Union officers who want to see a tougher crisis talks with him following the agreed to dismantle all its \$\$-20 missiles in the region. The PLO leader had a meeting

But the leaders added that they were committed to work together for meaningful negotiations with the Soviet Union on reducing the number of nuclear weapons.

Mr. Reagan had pushed his colleagues to send Moscow a strong signal in response to its statement on the eve of the summit that it would build more missiles and might move them closer to the West if the United States installed its missiles in Europe. But he did not win his victory

easily. The Canadians, French and Japanese held up release of the declaration for nearly seven hours as they voiced concern about its revision, was being drafted.

U.S. Secretary of State George Western industrial nations have Shultz described the statement as a message to the people of the world about the determination of the United States and its allies not to submit to Soviet threats while displaying willingness to negotiate seriously on arms control.

> Flanked by the foreign ministers of Britain, France, West Germany, Italy, Japan and Canada. he told reporters: "Attempts to divide the West... will fail." The three-day summit was due

to end Monday with a joint statement on the world economy, which was also not achieved through a totally harmonious pro-A draft copy of that statement.

obtained by reporters attending the summit, maps out a strategy to foster greater economic growth through cooperation, more stable international exchange markets and lower unemployment. But the United States came in

for considerable criticism of its economic policies while the statement, which is still subject to



Seven heads of government and the European Economic Community (EEC) Sunday pose for a group photograph at an economic summit held in Williamsburg, Virginia. From left to right: EEC President Gaston Thorn, Italian Prime Minister Amintore Fanfani, French President François Mitterrand, British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, U.S. President Ronald Reagan, Japanese Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone, West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl and Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Trudeau (A.P. wirephoto)

# NCC approves Peoples Army bill

AMMAN (J.T.) — The National Consultative Council (NCC) Monday approved a law that prescribes the recruitment of a people's army.

The People's Army law, which was formulated on the instructions of His Majesty King Hussein, states that a popular army should be set up under the command of the armed forces, which will be responsible for its organisation and

The objective behind its creation, according to the law, is "to help the armed forces defend Jordan and protect its territorial integrity and independence." The 19-article law also states

that service in the popular army is

"mandatory for secondary school, university and college female and male students." Non-student males between the ages of 16 and 55 years-old must also join the popular army. The law also allows Jordanian women to join as volunteer provided that they are aged between 16 and 45.

women should for the first time be recruited in the army was a hotly contested point at the NCC meeting. Several members suggested ignments as their male counierparts.

will be taken into consideration in both these fields.

Mr. Badran also pointed out that an estimated 200,000 Jordanians will form the strength of the popular army. Among the responsibilities vis-

ualised for the popular army is the fortification of cities, towns and all strategic positions throughout the country so to enable Jordan to hold out in the face of any aggression. The people's militia will that temale recruits should have also be used as a military the same type of training and ass- guard as well as in the defence of the communications lines such as bridges, roads, railways, ports, However Prime Minister airports and telecommunications Mudar Badran said that gender lines in the country,

#### Jordanian-Palestinian committee ends meetings

The proposal that Jordanian

AMMAN (J.T.) - The meetings of the Joint Jordanian-Palestinian Committee for the Support of the Steadfastness of the Palestinian People in the Occupied Arab Territories were concluded here Sun-

The committee discussed the various topics on the agenda and made appropriate decisions in this connection, particularly as regards reviewing the financial situation of the Fund for the Support of the Steadfastness of the Residents of the Occupied Territories, the Jordanian News Agency, Petra, said.

The committee decided to make contacts with Arab countries which did not pay their share to the fund for this year to prompt them to pay their share. It also

decided to make contacts with onslaught against the occupied Arab territories." Arab and international organisations to develop the resources of the fund in a "manner

The committee also made decthat can fulfil the increasing demisions to support charitable, social, and of development projects to trade union and sports societies in contront the Zionist settlement, the occupied territories.

Announcement-Amman Chamber of Industry announces that the chambers new telephone numbers as follows: 44647 44579 42648

# **FEATURES**

# botanist's dream comes

By Walter Bagley Reuter

NEW YORK --- After More than 200 years the dream of British botanist Joseph Banks to display colour prints of plants collected during Captain James Cook's circumnavigation of the globe in the 18th century is coming true.

Banks paid the equivalent of almost half a million dollars for engravings of his specimens collected on one of history's truly scientific voyages - but he never realised his "grand dream" to have them reproduced for the

Now the natural history division of the British Museum, to which Banks bequeathed his scientific collection, and private publisher J.G. Studholme are collaborating on a limited production of 738 of the engravings held by the musThe prints are being painstakingly produced in a London studio by artists using a 17th century technique.

The work, entitled, "Banks' Florilegium," will comprise 100 volumes with each print signed and numbered by its individual printer and with its authenticity verified by the British Museum. The project is expected to be finished by 1987.

Already 24 of the 12 by 18 inch (305 by 457 mm) prints are on display in New York at the American Museum of Natural History -- the first large-scale public viewing ever offered of prints made from the intricate copper eng-

The exhibition, entitled "A Flowering of Science: Plants from Captain Cook's First Voyage 1768-1771." will be on display here until July. It will then tour America before going abroad. Banks, aided by Swedish scientist Daniel Solander and botanical artist Sydney Parkinson, col- cooper. The project, which perleleted over 30,000 specimens representing some 3,600 species.

Banks and Solander described and catalogued the samples while Parkinson made water colour sketches of them.

Modern experts estimate that almost half of the species collected on the expedition were new to science at the time and many of the original drawings are still used by scientists as definitive examples of the plants depicted.

Parkinson, died in his early 20s, towards the end of the historic voyage after completing about one-third of some 950 sketches, but Banks had sufficient notes and plant samples to have other artists complete the drawings.

He commissioned 18 of the best engravers in England -- at a time when the art was flourishing there

sonally cost Banks the equivalent of a half million dollars, tooks 13

But, for a variety of reasons, Banks never followed through on his "dream" of publishing prints of the engravings and they remained in the British Museum for two centuries.

Now Studholme's firm, Alecto Historical Editions. in collaboration with the museum and a young master printer. Edward Egerton-williams, is printing 100 volumes of the 738 existing engravings. Most of the volumes aiready have been subscribed to -for about £55,000 (\$87,000 ).

"It needs to be done." Studholme told Reuters in an interview at the museum here. 'It's important to science and to his-

tory. He noted that many of the plants collected from Australia

- to render the artists' work in and other pacific, areas-predated written history there.

The printing process requires the intricacies of leaf veins, stems and subtle floral shapes being hand drawn on copper plates. Delicate, precise work, "it takes

weeks at the museum matching colours and running back to the studio." Egerton-Williams said. Usually an artist would work on a single engraving, producing two or four finished prints a day until

The engravings are being printed at his London studio by some 20 artists - mostly recent graduates of art colleges "because they haven't learned any bad hab-

100 "perfect" prints were pro-

They will all be old before any one tries to duplicate their artistic feat. The British Museum says it will not authorise another printing for at least 50 years.

#### By Mark Baillie find out. The pressing concerns of off-

ZARAGOZA, Spain — A huge monument to the late general Francisco Franco still dominates Zaragoza Military Academy but the cadets hurrying past the statue are heading for classes in Marxism, sociology and constitutional

The General Military Academy, where all army officers are trained for five years, has undergone a process of gradual but constant change in the eight years since the dictator's death, said the chief instructor, Col. Joaquin Segura Garcia.

Cadets now listen to rock'n' roll in their spare time, but "liking rock 'n' roll doesn't make a man less of an officer," he told Reuters. Instructors and cadets com-

plained to Reuters of a hostile and uncomprehending press which portrays the Spanish Army as led by coup-prone rightwingers brainwashed at the academy.

But a coup attempt and numerous plots among officers in the first seven years of democracy have made Spain sensitive about an armý which was a pillar of Franco's dictatorship.

Coup fears have prompted the press to report minor and routine disciplinary infringements or arguments which make many officers feel they have someone looking over their shoulder all the time.

Concern about military matters makes routine appointments and promotions, often down to the rank of major, items of news in Spain's national dailies, but many officers say the reporting is superficial.

"They don't know us, there's complete ignorance of what we are and what we do," Col. Segura said, adding few Spanish joumalists have visited army units to

icers who have talked to Reuters resemble the preoccupations of officers in other Western European armies -- keeping troops usefully occupied and seeking more funds for better equipment and training.
The subject of coups is always

Spanish cadets seek new image

touchy. While all officers questioned rejected coup-plotters as a minority fringe, others went fur-ther, saying they damaged morale in the armed forces.

Some officers have said the failure of the coup attempt of February 1981 ruled out any similar action in the future because the king, the people and the armed forces had shown they would not back a military takeover.

Military rule followed the 1936-39 civil war, Franco's "crusade" against Marxism, for the next 46 years. But at Zaragoza this is considered just another war now, instructors said.

Set texts still use terms like "crusade," "war of liberation" and "Marxist hordes," but these books have been abandoned in favour of instruction by lectures while a new history book is prepared, Col. Segura said.

Gen. Juan Batista Sanchez Bilbao, academy director general, said there had been no political incidents at all during his 13 months in charge here.

"Cadets and staff are allowed their own political ideas, but party politics are banned," he said, adding this included displaying party stickers in their rooms.

A cadet showing any extreme political tendencies would be told clearly at the selection stage that demonstrations of these ideas would be unwelcome at Zaragoza, he said.

told Reuters: "When you go home

on leave your friends keep asking you about the army's politics when your biggest worry is tomorrow's sociology exam."

Political studies were first introduced 10 years ago but in the last few years there has been an increasing emphasis on sociology, psychology, teaching methods and

constitutional law. These subjects and scientific studies take up about 40 per cent of the cadets' five years here.

Other changes include allowing cadets their own books, posters and stereo systems in their qua-

The academy recently held its

first ever rock concert in the cadets' recreation club and the cadets produce their own satirical and uncensored weekly paper.

Cadets, however, do admit to a certain isolation from their civilian contemporaries.

"It's a different way of life. My friends can never understand why I put up with sleeping out in the field and eating cold food from a tin," cadet Berlanga said.

But last year 4,000 young men applied for 275 places here through a selection procedure setting a university entrance level exam and physical fitness and psy-

chological tests. Nearly half the cadets now come from civilian backgrounds. in contrast with a third 15 years ago, and cadets say the only cri-

terion for entry is ability.

Cadets and officers all say they are just doing a job and do not deserve the spotlight of public attention and frequently unfavourable comment.

"Everywhere we go on exercises or visits we are very well received by the population," Col. Segura said.

We are nothing special, just Cadet Nicolas Berlanga, 21, ordinary people," Berlanga

#### America apanese monopoly

By Kevin Cooney Reuger

NEW YORK - Hundreds of American businessmen and women are paying \$500 each to play a game that has taught Japanese executives how to run int-

emational enterprises. More than 400 U.S. executives have played the international. management game, developed by Sony in Japan to train its own managers, and introduced to the United States when it was discovered that people were willing to pay to play it.

Blue Sky Enterprises and Recbec Inc. were two of the imaginary companies created recently as 10 American executives - training officers, consultants and one corporate president -- sat playing the

game in a Manhattan office block. Blue Sky Enterprises took a 56 per cent share of its international market in its third year of business. By its fifth year it hadincreased its share to 70 per cent.

Its competitor, Recbec, crashed. The successful company was led by Judy Esterquest, an internal consultant for the consulting firm

of Booz. Allen, Hamilton. This week, Esterquest was principal president of Blue Sky, a company she said put good weather in lucite boxes so people could be cheered up on cloudy

She put a lot of money into research and development. That permitted her to undersell us from the third fiscal year on. She wiped us out." said Richard Becker, a senior training officer for Prudential Insurance in real life, but

game lasted. "I came in with a thoretical and conceptual understanding of what it means to run an international business, so I think I had a better feel for the game than somebody coming in cold," Esterquest said.

president of Recbec while the

The game begins with each player staked to a factory and given \$30,000 to buy machinery, hire workers and begin a sales campaign. They can make anything planning and cost accounting.

they want, but they all compete regardless of what they are selling. As players turn over cards revealing unforeseen fortuitous eve-

nts and an occasional disaster.

they try to underbid each other in

the marketplace.

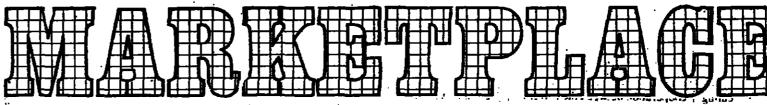
The players are required to keep elaborate cash-flow charts that record each transaction they make, report annual results and make a total accounting of their stewardship at the end of the five fiscal years that make up the three-day game.

"It is very similar to a big 'Monopoly' game," Esterquest said, "though it is more about financial

"It is a very well-constructed game and the plastic chips really become a concrete manifestation of high economic theory."

Becker described the game as a superb refresher course in general accounting and, while he felt three days was too short a time to acq uire much understanding of intemational business, he felt the game, "gives you and a good running start on the concept of strategic planning based on accounting techniques."

He recommended the game to anyone running a business with sales of one million to three million dollars a year.



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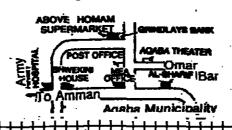


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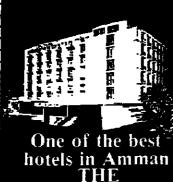








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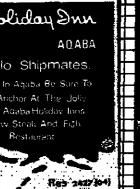
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### WFP provides \$3.4m to develop agriculture

Food Programme (WFP) will provide U.S. \$3.4 million in assistance for a range and forage development project in Jordan over a period of three years. WFP governing body, currently in session in Rome, recently announced.

WFP assistance is intended as. an incentive to farmers to participate in activities for the improvement of rangeland through the planting of shrubs and the protection of reserves. It also aims to promote fodder production through the conversion of the traditional cereal and fallow cropping pattern to the cereal and forage legumes rotation system and to promote sheep fattening.

Around 10,796 tons of food commodities will be supplied by WFP under the project, of which participants in return for their involvement in the project act-

AMMAN (J.T.) - The World that would provide seasonal loans to low-income farmers for sheep fattening. The ultimate objective of the project is to increase the supply of sheepmeat in the country and to come closer to selfsufficiency.

The importance of the project lies in the fact that it is based on an empirical study completed under the original phase to which WFP contributed some SA2 million in food assistance. Another important feature of the project is that most of its activities are carried out by cooperatives with the ultimate advantage going to cooperative members. This increases the importance of the cooperative model in boosting agriculture production. The project will also contribute to improving.

Finally, the project will be ins-6.661 tons will be distributed to trumental in finding work for the rural population in the development of an increasing number ivities. Some 4.135 tons will be of range reserves that would evegiven to the Ministry of Supply to generate cash for a revolving fund grazing.

### RSS' solar energy report discussed by symposium

AMMAN (Petra) - A three-day general information on the energy seminar to discuss a study on solar energy in Jordan began at the Royal Scientific Society (RSS)

Monday. The study was prepared by the chemical engineering department

at the RSS. The study, which was financed by the West German technical cooperation ministry, contains

situation in Jordan with regards to consumption and demand and also includes an analysis of the extent to which solar energy can satisfy Jordan's energy req-

It also includes a survey of the Jordanian people's receptiveness to the use of solar power.

#### Arab economic action considered

AMMAN (Petra) - Secretary-General of the Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU) Mhadi Al Obeidi and Secretary-General of the Arab Land Transport Union (ALTU) Monday discussed here the role of the two department on the subject of Arab cooperation.

They also discussed ways of intensifying afforts at and creating the appregnate climate for joint Arab economic action.

#### Iraqi youth minister leaves

AMMAN (Petra) - Iraqi Youth Minister Ahmad Al Samarra'i Monday left Amman at the end of a four-day official visit to Jordan. during which he met Prime Minister Mudar Badran and highranking Jordanian officials.

He also had talks with Culture and Youth Minister Ma'an Abu Nowar on ways of strengthening cooneration between the two countries in sporting and youth aff-



Mayor of Amman Abdul Raouf Al Rawabdeh opens a charity fete organised by the Jerusalem charity society in Amman Monday (Petra photo)

### Rawabdeh offers municipal land for use as public parks, gardens

to give plots of land to charities wishing to transform them into public parks and gardens, particularly for use by children.

Mr. Rawabdeh, who was speaking at the opening of the charity rities and voluntary bodies, he

AMMAN (Petra) - Amman bazzar held by the Jerusalem cha-Mayor Abdul Raouf Al Raw- rity society here Monday, said the abdeh said Monday that the problem in establishing public Amman Municipality is prepared parks and gardens in the capital is not the land, which is available. but the lack of people to construct and supervise these parks and gardens which can then be used for educational purposes. This could be done through the cha-

Mr. Rawabdeh said the municipality had decided to give a plot of land to the Jerusalem charity society in order to build the Jerusalem park on it. He also announced that the municipality has decided to donate books for a library as well as JD 200 to the soc-

Electrification

KARAK (Petra) - An ele-

etrification project covering four villages in the South Ghor region

has been completed, according to

Hamad Al Nababshe, a spo-

kesman from the Jordan Ele-

ctricity Authority (JEA) office

He said Taisa, Al Naga' Had-

itha and Mazra'a have been sup-

plied with electricity within the

framework of an overall pro-

gramme for supplying 39 villages

in South Ghor region with power

Nababshe said that the four vil-

lages have been linked by low pre-

at a cost of JD 2 million.

completed

### Zarqa water tenders to be issued in June

AMMAN (J.T.) — Tenders are to be issued in June for eight contracts in the Zarqa-Ruseifa water and sewerage scheme, the MEED (Middle East Economic Digest) magazine reported recently quoting the Water Supply Corporation's deputy-director.

In all the contracts are worth \$75 million (about JD 27m) with the World Bank providing \$17.5 million, the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID)\$15 million, the West German Kreditanstals fuer Wieernment is to pay the local portion eme.

The contracts, says MEED, will be staggered to avoid digging up the whole of the town at the same

MEED also reports that the Jordan Valley Association (JVA) has awarded a \$9.2 million (about JD 3.5 million) contract to construct a 110,000 cubic-metre treated water reservoir in Irbid to the British firm Biwater Shellabear.

The contract is the first in a series of five which forms part of the deraufbau \$7.8 million. The gov- JVA's northern water supply sch-

# **Dudin details future policy**

are at the present exploited for

vegetable growing and fruit occ-

upies about 400,000 dunums, the

Mr. Dudin's report pointed out

that 90 per cent of farm land in

Jordan relies on rain-water, and

AMMAN (J.T.) - Minister of used for growing cereal crops. Agriculture Marwan Dudin Mon- Three hundred thousand dunums day addressed the National Consultative Council (NCC) on the agricultural situation in Jordan and the general policy outlined by the Agricultural Council, chaired by the Prime Minister.

In his statement, Mr. Dudin said that the Jordanian farmer, despite the limited agricultural resources available in Jordan, had made a great improvement in production, though this depended on the individual's initiative, and effort. He added that the government's support and guidance had enabled Jordanian farmers to make use of technical innovation and advanced know-how in the agricultural field.

The Agricultural Credit Corporation and the Cooperative Organisation had contributed considerably to investment in agriculture. The total loans offered to farmers during the 1976-1980 five-year plan by the two bodies reached JD 20 million, while another JD 48 million is planned to be granted during the present five-

year plan, the minister added. The Ministry of Agriculture statement clarified that the total farming area in Jordan is now four

million dunums, most of which is the government to adopt the app-New media protocol signed

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan and the Soviet Union Monday signed here a protocol for the exchange of radio and television programmes during 1983 and 1984.

The protocol was signed a behalf of Radio Jordan and Jordan Television by Information Ministry Under-Secretary Peter Salah, and for the State Comminee on Television and Radio by its Deputy-Chairman Vladimir Popov, who left Jordan Monday.

that farm land in Jordan suffers from many disadvantages, among which are the continued subdivision of land, the encroachment of cities onto prime agricultural land, the lack of skilled labour and its inability to cope with advanced mechanisation.

statement said.

Mr. Dudin stated that the establishment of the Agricultural Council in 1979 had inaugurated intensified efforts aimed at outlining a policy comprehensively to develop the agricultural sector and compensate for the slow progress that has been made during

the previous years in comparison

with other sectors of the Jordanian

economy. The council finalised its main directives for improving the sit-uation in its April 1982 session. the statement added. The new policy calls for the protection of agricultural resources and the preservation of farm land, and urging

The adoption of the latest scientific techniques for the exploitation of land and water resources are also considered essential if productivity is to be improved, the statement pointed out. Satisfying the needs of the consumer should be one of the primary considerations when dealing with the agricultural question, and a concentration on essential crops in order to guarantee food security should be given equal concern, the statement added.

Encouragement by the government bodies should include a generous pricing policy for farmers, and easy credit arrangements should be adopted, the statement went on. Organisation of land ownership to help maximise productivity should be dealt with, and the regrouping of land is imperative for such an end. Research and field work related to agricultural problems must also be encouraged, and the appropriate agricultural guidance given in view of these findings, the minister's report added.

Mr. Dudin stressed that agricultural directives and policies would remain ineffective unless translated into practical programmes.



Information Ministry Under-Secretary Peter Salah (pinstripe) and Soviet State Committee on Television and Radio Deputy Chairman Vladimir Popov Monday sign a protocol for the exchange of radio and television programmes (Petra photo)

### Water, environment conference opens

AMMAN (Petra) - The three- Malhas at Yarmouk University from polluting water sources. day meeting of the national conference on drinking water and environmental protection, organised by the Health Ministry in cooperation with the World Hea-

Liaison Office here Monday.

Malhas asserted the significance cuss several working papers on of providing potable water to all areas in the country, and treating the re-cycling of sewerage water

During the three-day con-Addressing the conference. Dr. ference, the participants will diswater, housing, the environment, ssure power lines that are being 1th Organisation (WHO), was installed throughout the region. Opened by Health Minister Zuhair refuse in a way that prevents it and its effect on agriculture.

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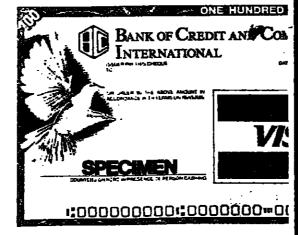
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#### Two faces of a coin

THE SOUTH African government's bombing raid against alleged "terrorist bases" in Maputo, as a reprisal for the bomb attack in Pretoria for which the African National Congress acknowledged responsibility, has been widely criticised in the West. The criticisms have been much more forthright than those voiced against Israel in similar ircumstances, although Israel's reprisals against the Palestinians have consistently been on a far larger and more ruthless scale. But comparing the casualties and the human misery caused by these two rogue elephants in the international community gets us nowhere. What is more important is the fact that Israel and South Africa, confronted with broadly similar situations, have chosen the same strategy in dealing with their enemies; and that the West, because of its equivocal attitude towards these two brutal and repressive regimes, comes in for a share of the blame.

This need not be so. There is no doubt in anyone's mind in the West that the South African government, like the government of Israel, is denying the legitimate rights of a substantial number of human beings. Both governments pursue policies frankly based on racial discrimination. In pursuit of those policies they resort to practices which are outlawed by a long series of international conventions to which both Israel and South Africa are signatories. Both governments are in open breach of resolutions of the United Nations, of the Geneva Conventions and of the provisions of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. In so far as they bother at all to justify their actions, they do so by branding all those who attempt to challenge their policies as "terrorists".

Such attitudes, which conflict with the basic principles to which every member of the United Nations formally subscribes, could not succeed if every other member opposed them, and opposed them not just with words but with actions. Neither Israel nor South Africa could continue indefinitely to bomb their neighbours, to imprison and torture and terrorise their own citizens and those over whom they exercise a disputed jurisdiction, if other governments - governments which claim to form part of the "free world" - did not give them active or passive support.

Both in the Middle East and in southern Africa, the policies of the Israeli and South African governments, besides causing untold human suffering, lie at the root of conflicts whose scope is steadily increasing and which threaten one day to engulf the Western powers who connive at them. No one can tell how long it will be before that happens; nor can anyone seriously doubt that it will happen, if Israel and South Africa continue on their present course. In preparation for that day, the two governments themselves cooperate in every way: they meet each other's economic needs, they exchange information, they collaborate in the development of nuclear weapons, they support and buttress each other's arguments about a mythical communistterrorist international conspiracy against which h they cl standard-bearers.

The threat which they represent to the peace of the world is as unmistakable, though not yet as immediate, as the threat posed 50 years ago by the fascist governments of Italy and Germany. Just as it was wrong then - and not merely wrong but tragically ill-advised to maintain normal relations with governments which disregarded their international obligations and which victimised and ill-treated whole categories of people on the principle of racial discrimination, so it is wrong to do so today, and more ill-advised than ever in the glaring light of the world's experience.

South Africa, like Israel, is working hard to secure itself against dependence on the outside world. Both governments are collaborating, and collaborating successfully, in the manufacture of advanced weapons. But their continuing success depends in part on the supply of raw materials and technology which are provided by the West. For the West to maintain that supply, and with it a policy of non-intervention which amounts in practice to tacit collaboration with these regimes, is both wrong and self-defeating. For the aims of Israel and South Africa, like the methods they use, are evil; and there are many precedents to support Burke's contention that "all that is necessary for the triumph of evil is that good men do nothing."

-- Middle East International, London

#### **ARABIC PRESS EDITÓRIALS**

#### Al Ra'i: Yet another coverup

A recent report on the terrorist operations waged by the Zionist settlers against our kinsmen in the occupied territories raised controversy in the Israeli press and in the Knesset. The report speaksabout the responsibility of government officials and their involvement in such operations, whether through direct planning, financing or by covering them up. Naturally, it is not news to say that terrorism against the West Bank and Gaza Strip Arabs is taking place. But what is new is the Israel's new deceptive tactics of forming an investigative committee to look into these operations, and then refrain from publishing these findings inside the Knesset. What is stranger is the excuse made by the Israeli Justice Minister for not publishing the report, namely that its publication would implicate

certain government officials. We thus ask: Why then was the committee formed, and what does the Begin government seek to hide by this deception? The answer is very well known-to expel the residents of the occupied Arab territories from their land through terrorism, pressure and oppression. We therefore believe that even if the report is published, it would not help stop terrorism against our steadfast kinsmen in the occupied

#### Al Dustour: On the brink of war

territories.

IT seems that the Middle East region is systematically heading towards war in light of the situation in the Beka'a Valley and the Israeli and Syrian military preparations in the area. It is unreasonable to believe that the Israeli and Syrian armies would stay in a state of alert indefinitely. Consequently, there will either be a political relaxation of the crisis, or the crisis will escalate further. It seems also that the chances of a political relaxation are slim given Syria's rejection of the Lebanese-Israeli agreement and the hardline stand of the United States, which refuses to negotiate with Syria on the basis of recognising its legitimate security demands. No doubt such a deadlock in the dialogue could lead to war unless war is diverted at the last minute. One cannot help but ask under the circumstances: if Washington will take any steps to prevent the war, or does it mean to solve the situation militarily by allowing Israel to attack Syria.

Thus the chances of war are still there, and if war breaks out, it will be at the expense of Lebanon, Syria and all the Arabs. Syria should hasten to settle its difference with the Arab countries in order to prepare for confrontation with Israel. The United States should also quickly open channels of communications with Damascus, and put pressure on Israel not to attack. Otherwise, the area will remain on the brink of war, with the dangers such a war might cause to both the area and to the world.

# Lordan Lines Gulf states have greater cause for optimism

By Harvey Morris

LONDON — The Gulf's status as the world's potentially most volatile flashpoint has declined in the two years since local rulers joined together to counter external thr-

The six Arab states of the Gulf Cooperation Council, which mar. ked its second anniversary on Wednesday, now have greater cause for optimism about the prospects for regional stability than in the spring of 1981.

The six - Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates (UAE), Kuwait, Oman, Bahrain and Qatar -- were brought together by a common fear that events sparked off by the Iranian revolution

to their survival.

Arabs feared that the influence of Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's Islamic revolution would spill across the Gulf and foster internal dissent.

They were alarmed by Iran's threats to export a revolution that enjoyed widespread popularity in the Arab states of the Gulf, particularly among the Shi ite Muslim communities that share the same faith as the Iranians.

The Gulf leaders were caught off guard by a tide of Muslim activism in their own states that ranged from mass protests in favour of the Iranian revolution to the bloody Mecca Mosque siege of November 1979.

But these concerns were soon

of 1979 posed an imminent threat overtaken by even more alarming the grouping to ensure its own the region. threats to the region's stability.

The Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan, coming less than two months after the takeover of the U.S. embassy in Tehran, brought an increased danger of a superpower clash in the region.

between Iran and Iraq, both trol. members of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries. (OPEC). The Gulf states were faced with the prospect that the conflict could spread to other states and threaten the region's oil lines to buyers in the West.

Their response was to establish the cooperation council, an embryo common market that would attempt to coordinate defence as well as economic policy and allow

security without recourse to superpower protection.

The threats that members foresaw in 1981 have now largely receded, partly through their own success in promoting a united front but, to a greater extent, bec-Within a year war broke out ause of events beyond their con-

> The Iranian revolution has faded as a rallying cry for dis-sidents in the Arab countries of the Gulf. Regional analysts say the alleged excesses of the Tehran regime have turned many Arabs against the revolution they once hoped to emulate.

The wars in the Gulf and Afghanistan have both become bogged down and no longer appear to pose a physical threat to the rest of

Analysts have recently expressed optimism that the Gulf Cooperation Council may succeed where other bodies have failed in ending the two and a half-year-old

conflict between Iraq and Iran. Member states that backed Iraq financially in order to help it contain Iranian expansionism are now concentrating their efforts on end-

ing the war. A council delegation has visited Tehran and Baghdad and Iraq quantities of Iranian and Iraqi expressed its willingness to sign an crude. agreement to end attacks on towns. and villages.

market has also played a role in from the Gulf, with Lebanon and calming international fears about Central America now figuring as the stability of the Gulf.

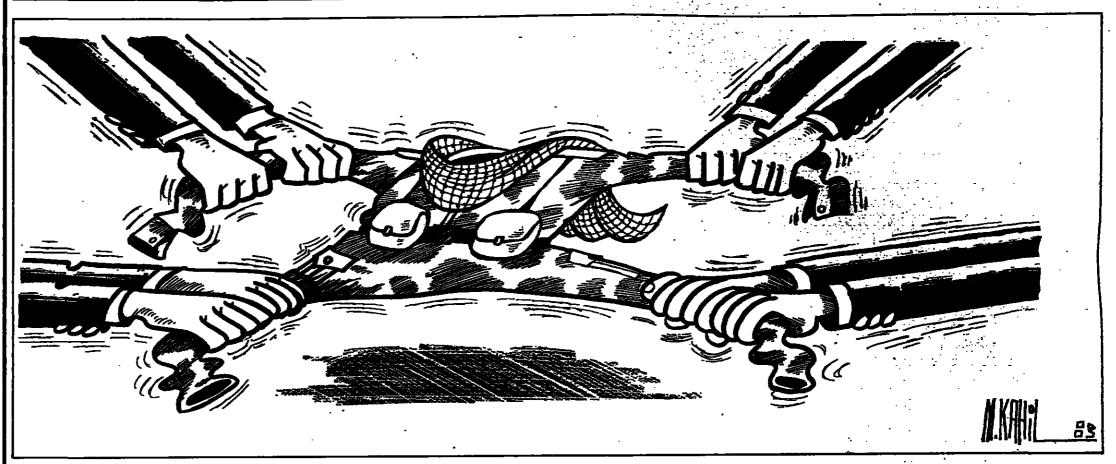
The Iranian revolution and the flict.

Gulf war sparked an unp-recedented round of panic oilbuying that sent crude prices to

record highs. With the oil market now in the grip of a worldwide glut there is. less concern in the West about a

long-term disruption of supplies from the Gulf. The chief concern in the oil world is now, ironically, that peace could flood the already oversupplied market with increased

International political developments have also served to The decline in the world oil switch superpower attention away more likely settings for future con-



# Israel anxious to avoid conflict with Syria

By David Rogers

TEL AVIV — A year ago it would, have been almost unthinkable for Syrian warplanes to fire on an Israeli jet and escape without getting involved in a dogfight.

According to the Israelis this is what happened during a routine reconnaissance mission over Leb-

Indicating a change of public mood since last summer's Lebanon war, there was no criticism of the air force's failure to respond to the reported attack.

In the days of former Defence Minister Ariel Sharon and his hawkish generals, a firm Israeli reaction would have been a near certainty.jr---

Western diplomats said the message from Israel's handling of the affair was a determination to could jeopardise the withdrawal of foreign forces from Lebanon.

Noting Israel had not given the location of the incident, one military attache said it was possible the Israeli plane was probing into territory not normally covered by

the daily reconnaissance flights. The restrained reaction sug-

Begin's government did not want to harm Arab and U.S. efforts to persuade Syria to change its mind about the agreement on withdrawing Israeli forces from Lebanon.

The Israelis are definitely onthe lookout for a sucker punch -getting drawn into anything that will enable the Syrians to blame them for scuttling the agreement," one diplomat said.

Damascus has rejected the agreement. Aware that Israel will not

withdraw unless Syrian and Palestinian fighters leave, President gested Prime Minister Menachem Hafez Al Assad holds a veto that may force a war-weary Israel to continue its year-long occupation of South Lebanon.

According to the Israelis, aerial encounter was not the first Syrian easefire violation. An Israeli army communique called it "the most serious in a chain of worsening violations."

"The Syrian provocations are not coincidental and are integrated with Syrian moves and declarations by high-ranking off-

Israeli-Lebanese agreement," the mented. communique said.

The communique - state radio

reported it was drafted by Begin Arens -- said Israel would do everything to prevent clashes with

It stressed there was no question of stopping the daily rec-onnaissance flights over Lebanon which Israel insists are vital for its security.

"The question is how far can the

icials testifying to their willigness Syrians go without getting a bloto take action to nullify the ody nose," one diplomat com-

Adding to the tensions were reports from Washington that Soviet advisers had joined Syrian and Defence Minister Moshe forces for exercises. The reports, quoted prominently on Israel on the plain between Damascus and the Golan Heights.

The Knesset (parliament) Foreign Affairs and Security Committee summoned generals to a closed session for a briefing about the Syrian front.

# Foot's chances dwindling

By James Anderson

LONDON - With less than two weeks to go before Britain's general election, the opinion polls appear to be overwhelmingly against Michael Foot, and the Labour Party he leads seems to be facing a

crushing defeat. The elderly, often dishevelled. intellectual who leads the main opposition Labour Party is seen by most voters as a fundamentally implausible candidate for prime minister, the polls indicate.

His rhetorical skill is undoubted, his long and passionate advocacy of left-wing causes is unrivalled, his personal warmth unquestioned.

But so far it is Conservative Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher who has dominated the campaign and holds a big lead. Bookmakers and financial markets agree she will win comfortably

The campaign has ruthlessly exposed differences between Labour's top men over key issues like nuclear arms and membership of the European Common Mar-

Foot, 69, has spent much of his time trying to explain away statements by Denis Healey, the party's deputy leader and chief spokesman on foreign affairs.

Healey says Britain's arsenal of nuclear weapons should be used as a bargaining chip with the Soviet Union instead of being quickly scrapped, as official party policy decrees.

Foot, in contrast, is a longstanding advocate of unilateral disarmament, one of the many issues which put him at odds with the mainstream of the party in the consensus years of the 1950s and 60s when both Labour and the Conservatives stood, as a whole, closer to the political centre than they now do.

Opinion polls indicate that while there is substantial doubt among the voters about new nuclear arms like U.S. cruise missiles to be based in Britain, all-out uni-

lateralism is unpopular and Thatcher is winning the debate on def-

Labour's pledge to pull out of the European Community also seems to be worrying voters and some Labour Party members.

The polls also show that Healey is more popular than Foot and that Foot is the least-respected man to lead a major British party in mod-

David Owen, a former Labour Foreign secretary who is now a leader of the breakaway Social Democrats, declared that the nuc-

lear issue showed Foot was "not fit to be prime minister." And it is Foot himself, as much as the issues, who seems to be the

party's problem. Party chiefs foresaw this well before the election and there was a tions. semi-public attempt to replace

Foot with Healey. At the height of the election contest this week Labour Party General Secretary Jim Mortimer astonished reporters by publicly declaring that Labour's campaign planners insisted Foot was still the party leader -- suggesting Foot's position had been in question.

By contrast with Thatcher's forceful "iron lady" style -- which her friends call dominating and her critics domineering - Foot seems absent-mindedly eccentric.

Perhaps his best-remembered public appearance as leader of the opposition was in November 1981 when he wore a rumpled suit and a green donkey jacket at the annual memorial service for fallen heroes gift. of Britain's wars.

There was an outcry from the many people who thought his dress lacked the gravity and sombreness the occasion demanded and he was tagged indelibly with the same "Worzel Gummidge" a scarecrow in a children's television show.

whom the gods have decisively admirers now see as inevitable

a bad press laying a wreath on a

up for the election campaign. He has smarter suits and pays more attention to details like the cut of his lank white hair.

But his morning walks with his cane and dog on Hampstead Heath, the largest and wildest of London's great parks, still offer the cameras the picture of a spindly, shambling figure.

He looks more like a literary journalist polishing in his mind his next incisive book review - at which he is an acknowledged master -- than a national leader weighing the practical affairs of state. Foot in fact owes his selection as Labour leader in 1980 party to his personal warmth, which won him many friends in the party, but still more to a stalemate between feuding left-wing and right-wing fac-

He was born into politics as the son of a radical, self-educated Liberal member of parliament, and most of his long career was spent as a journalist and backbench rebel, preaching the true faith of Socialism against the moderates who then dominated the party.

His brief experience in office began in the 1970s when, as an elder statesman of the left, he was called into the cabinet by Prime Minister Harold Wilson to handle the government's prickly relations with the trade unions.

When Michael Foot lost his seat in parliament in the election of 1955, his book-loving father gave him a rare volume as a consoling

On the flyleaf old Isaac Foot penned a brief tally of the rebuffs. from the voters he had suffered in his own Quixotic political career and wrote to his son that "on the whole these (six) defeats were more honourable than my five victories."

With Labour far behind in the One political commentator said opinion polls, the son must somat the time that a man who can get. etimes think of his father's words. The electoral disaster which

war memorial is a man against many of Foot's supporters and would come as a fitting climax to His much-criticised appearance his career as a passionate advocate has now been substantially tidied of ideals.

# Emigration tax may cost Romania most favourable nation' status

By Richard Balmforth

Reuter

BELGRADE — Romania is coming under strong diplomatic pressure to lift a new controversial emigration tax that threatens to sink its special relationship with the West, Western diplomatic SOURCES SAV.

Romanian Foreign Minister Stefan Andrei held what the U.S. State Department described as positive discussions in Washington this mouth on the tax which President Reagan has warned will cost Bucharest "most favoured nation" (MFN) trade sta-

Meanwhile, officials and diplomats in West Germany say Born is ready to offer economic benefits to the Communist, Balkan state if Bucharest exempts ethnic Germans from paying the levy introduced six months ago.

Earlier the West Germans

opted out of talks on rescheduling

Romania's foreign debts because of their opposition to the emigration tax, diplomatic sources said But Western diplomats following Romanian affairs say it may be impossible to find a face-

saving formula which will allow

Romania, and more particularly President Nicolae Ceausescu, to quietly shelve the law. Like most important legislation in Romania, the newlawis the brainchild of Ceausescu, the country's autocratic ruler who has a

reputation for being stubborn under pressure. Informed diplomatic sources say the decree was decided on impulse by Ceausescu after he

received a report on Romania's 'brain drain". At least one senior foreign ministry official was sacked for expressing his opposition. The storm over the decree has disrupted a long period of favour which, in spite of its debt pro-

blems, Romania has won from the

within the Soviet Bloc.

Since the decree became law last December, Ceausescu has publicly defended its principle and criticised unacceptable "repressive measures" in foreign trade.

He has further railed against Western countries for trying to intefere in what he sees as a purely domestic concern. But Ceausescu appears to have left himself some room for manoeuvre by saying that Romania is ready to talk with those countries wishing to "discuss the problems related to edu-Cation.

The law is intended to halt or at least slow down the flow of skilled talent from Romania, whose acute itax. manpower shortage is just one of several serious economic pro-

Under the new legislation, Romanian would-be emigrants will have to reimburse the state in , orced. hard currency for the cost of any higher education beyond the age of 16 before they are allowed to leave the country.

For a Romanian who has undergone a lengthy period of medical training for instance this could add up to a bill of \$20,000.

Officials in Bucharest argue that Romania is a developing country that cannot afford to export skilled labour to the West and say the tax is just. The biggest category of pot-

ential emigrants represents Romania's ethnic Germans who for the past five years have been emigrating to West Germany at the rate of more than 12,000 a year. The flow of emigres to the United States, Israel and France is also certain to be hit, diplomats say.

Many Western diplomats privately express sympathy for Romania's economic predicament while criticising the levy as a cynical "head tax".

seem bleak uniess relatives abroad

buy them out. But early fears that the decree would choke emigration to a trickle have not yet materialised. though the first cases have occurred of would-be emigrants being handed a hard currency bill to be settled before leaving.

where the tax has sparked off a national furor, is in fact still running at its normal rate of about 1,000 people per month. Romanian Rabbi Moses Rosen is also reported to have said that only about three per cent of the approximately 30,000 Jews in

Emigration to West Germany.

Romania will be affected by the Nonetheless, President Reagan has said Romania will lose its 'most favoured nation" status on June 30 costing it about \$200 million in trade if the decree is enf-

Granting of MFN status to a : Communist country by the United States is tied to that country's emigration record. Its withdrawalwould hit Romania as it pushes ahead with a trade drive to pay off big western debts.

Some diplomats suggests that West Germany, as well as holding out the bait of as yet unspecified economic benefits to Bucharest, may be exerting more direct economic pressure by delaying agreement on debt rescheduling terms with Romania.

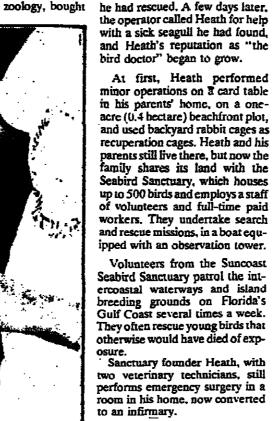
Diplomats believe a way out may be for Romania to be per-'suaded to leave the law on the statute books without actually applying it to the letter.

Western diplomats believe Ceausescu seriously miscalculated reaction from the United States when he signed the decree.

. At the same time, diplomats believe the United States would like to avoid a serious break in Since Romanian citizens do not relations with Romania whose have access to hard currency nor independent foreign policy stance the legal right to own it, their cha- in the Soviet Bloc has guaranteed West by its independent stand nees of being able to emigrate it special favour from Washington.

The brown pelican entangled in a rescued and nursed back to health Florida's Gulf Coast, in the sou- 1971 when Heath, who had com- some fish from a local pier opemangrove tree is one of thousands at his Suncost Seabird Sanctuary theastern United States. of seabirds that Ralph Heath has in the town of Indian Shores, on

pleted pre-med studies and ear- rator to feed a disabled cormorant The avian first-aid began in ned a degree in zoology, bought



to an infirmary. Veterinary technician Allen Foley injects a pelican with an antibiotic after removing a fishhook from its wing. Local veterinarians,

who have volunteered their ser-

vices, perform more complicated

Says Heath: "They are so delicate (that) if you don't do everything and Heath's reputation as "the right the first time, you don't get a second chance. If you can save 50 At first, Heath performed per cent of the birds that come in, minor operations on a card table you can consider yourself very in his parents' home, on a onelucky..."

> made important contributions to the field of bird pathology. Its most important achievement, however, has been helping to save the pelican from extinction. Pelicans, for whom Heath has a special fondness, often come to the sanctuary's beachfront lot to feed or nest, mating with the resident pelicans. More than 100 baby pelicans have been raised in the sanctuary and returned to the world -- a rare occurrence. More than 200 of the resident pelicans have been sent to zoos in Texas and

> Louisiana, where the bird was close to extinction. Heath and the sanctuary have been widely acclaimed for these conservation efforts, and funds have come in from various foundations and oil companies. But to Heth, the most important contributors to the nonprofit sanctuary are the more than 10,000 members of the "adopt a bird" programme, whose small donations help feed the sanctuary's ever-growing bird pop-



Ginny and Ralph Heath of the Suncost Seabird Sanctuary retrieve an adult pelican from a mangrove tree.

# new window opens for Bhutan

By Bernard Melunsky Reuser

THIMPHU, Bhutan - The dragon has taken wings, bringing the remote Himalayan Kingdom of Bhutan into a new era of international diplomatic activity.

Druk (Dragon) Air, the national airline of Bhutan, began operating commercial flights between the Western town of Paro and the Indian city of Calcutta last

The thrice-weekly return flight by a 19-seater twin-propeller Dornier aircraft is one of a number of ways in which Bhutan is expanding contacts with the out-

Paro is only about an hour's drive from the capital Thingphu, along a winding mountain read. Acess to Thimphu was previously restricted to a lengthy drive from

the Indian border in the south. "With the start of the Druk Air service, we have become accimportant psychological effect one more barrier has been removed," Foreign Minister Dawa Tsering said in an interview with

Reuters. Bhutan has been slowly emerging from its self-imposed isolation since the early 1970s and Tsering made clear the process would continue at a gradual pace.

Apart from the opening provided by the airline. Bhutan is feeting its way in the world beyond its forbidding mountain borders through diplomatic channels as well as by sports, cultural and religious

Known to its own people as Druk Yul (Land of thunder dragon), Bhutan at present has ties only with India, its huge southern

Veterinary technician Allen Foley injects a pelican with an antibiotic after removing a fish-hook from its wing,

neighbour, and Bangladesh. But Tsering has just arrived back here from Kuwait where Bhutan is likely to establish a consul-general shortly, giving this kingdom its first formal diplomatic relations with any country

outside the subcontinent. Relations with Kuwait are strongly connected with Bhutan's development and trade reqvirements. Tsering said that during his visit he signed an agreement under which Kuwait will provide financial assistance for timber product projects.

Landlocked Bhutan is heavily dependent on India for its overall. trade and wants to find additional markets further afield for its exports. Kuwait, and perhaps other Gulf states, may provide some of

Bhutan has also appointed honorary consuls in Hong Kong and Singapore, primarily for trade

But the key to all Bhutan's diplomatic and trade manoeuvrings lies in its strategic and vulnerable geographic position as a wedge between India and the Tibetan

region of China. Even before the emergence of independent India and Communist China in the late 1940s. Bhutan had looked south towards an accommodation with the Bri-

tish rulers of India. Under a 1949 treaty, Bhutan agreed to be guided by the advice of India in its external relations. The treaty also stipulated there

between the two countries. Analysts say the treaty is not

seen by Bhutan as a burden, nor by India as a whip to use should its small neighbour get out of line. Bhutan has displayed its independence in foreign affairs by

taking a different stance to India over Kampuchea. India recognises the Vietnamese-backed government in Phnom Penh while Bhutan supports the ousted democratic Kampuchea government.

There are no formal ties between Thimphu and Peking, but Tsering said relations were cordial and he hoped negotiations would begin "in the not-too-distant future" on problems which arose in 1979 over the Bhutan/Tibetan

But Bhutan still looks primarily towards India. "Trade and geography make it imperative that we look to the south," said Tsering.

He said the 1949 treaty had never acted as a bar to Bhutan's contacts with the outside world and stressed the rapport and very good relations between Delhi and I himphu

India and Bhutan are expected this year to sign a new agreement formalising access for Bhutan to Bangladesh and Nepal and improved transit to Calcutta port for its exports.

The vast bulk of trade, however, is with India and transacted in Indian rupees. The Bhutanese currency, the ngultrum, is kept at parity with the rupee.

Tsering said Bhutan was interested in the proposed south Asian forum, a concept first put forward by Bangladesh for regional cooperation between seven would be free trade and commerce countries in the area - Ban-

gladesh, Bhutan, India, the Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan and Sir

Lanka. Foreign ministers of the seven are due to hold their first meeting in Delhi in early August and could give the concept major political

Tsering emphasised other important areas where Bhutan is slowely extending its international

Apart from taking part in some table tennis tournaments and football matches against Indian teams, Bhutan's sportsmen and women have had virtually no intemational competition, but this could change dramatically.

Tsering said his country hoped to take part in next year's Los Angeles Olympic games.

One event could be archery, Bhutan's national sport. The Bhutanese style differs from international rules, but Tsering said an American coach would be coming to Thimphu very soon to help Bhutan adjust to the Olympic

Other manifestations of the outward-looking mood include visits to Europe, the United States and parts of Asia in recent years Bhutanese cultural groups, Tsering said.

Bhutan has already joined almost all of the major bodies of the United Nations system and several international financial institutions.

But the process of expanding diplomatic relations will be a slow one. Bhutan's priority is its socioeconomic development and in foreign relations, Tsering said," We're in no hurry".

### Britain undergoing second industrial revolution

By Adrian Croft Reuter

LONDON — Britain's second industrial revolution is thriving in the tranquil countryside of the Thames Valley, west of London. Some of Britain's most advanced companies in the fields of electronics and computers are to

be found here, huddled close to a 120-mile (200-kilometre) stretch of motorway connecting the capital to Bristol, on the west coast. It is a far cry from the grimy factories and monotonous housing where the first industrial age was

The government sees new technologies as the key to future prosperity in Britain, and wants British companies to take a larger and Buckinghamshire 9.3 per share of a world market for tel- cent well below the 13.3 per cent ecommunications, computers and for the nation as a whole. office equipment estimated at S80

billion a year. A report last July on the development prospects of the region by London surveyors Knight Frank and Rutley suggests that companies in the Thames Valley have got the message.

"In due time, when looking back at current developments ... we may recognise that the base is being laid here for a new industrial revolution with a comparable impact to the one that took place some 200 years ago," it said.

The raw material of the new revolution is the microprocessor or silicon chip, which, because of its information-storing capacity. cheapness and small size, has air eady transformed many areas of life, from data processing and robotics to calculators and electronic games.

Because many companies in the Thames Valley are producing applications for the chip, the area is nicknamed Chip Row.

It is also known as Britain's Silicon Valley, after the area near San Francisco, California, which is full of small-scale high tech companies.

The computer boom has brought wealth to Chip Row and has propelled sleepy towns into the 20th century, giving them an affluence that is the envy of the rest of the country.

Although hit by the recession, the counties of Chip Row have not suffered as badly as the rest of Britain. In April, Berkshire had an unemployment rate of 7.5 per cent, excluding seasonal factors,

Despite high unemployment, 37 per cent of local high technology firms surveyed by Berkshire local authority last year said they had had difficulty finding suitable labour, particularly specialist engineers and computer software staff.

More than 70 per cent of high tech firms in the survey expected to increase their work force over the next few years.

But this is small comfort for Britain's three million unemployed, many of whom have lost jobs in the declining manufacturing sector and lack the technical training needed to join the expanding

"sunrise" industries. Chip Row is a prime target for U.S. corporations seeking a base in Britain, companies moving out of congested London into the country, and a wave of new firms.

Dhahran (RJ)

Abu Dhabi (RJ)

... Baehdad (RJ)

..... Cairo (RJ) .... Cairo (EA)

Dubai (RI)

One relative newcomer to the area, Quantel of Newbury, has produced a device that has revolutionised television techniques. Called the "digital framestore," it simulates a whole range of effects by dividing the screen into segments, zooming into a picture, freezing the picture or spinning it.

The high tech boom is not new to Berkshire, Chip Row's main county. It can be traced back at least as far as the late 1950s, when the first electronic companies moved to the area, attracted by cheap rents, good com-munications and congenial sur-

roundings.
This was when major British firms such as Racal Electronics and Ferranti came to Berkshire. Racal now has its headquarters at Bracknell and Ferranti's computer division is based there.

These companies are major export earners. Racal, with products such as radar, data communications and marine electronics, had a turnover of 643 million-sterling (\$1 billion) in the year to March 1982. More than 70 per cent of its sales were abroad. The U.S. computer company,

Digital Equipment Corporation, set up its British headquarters in Reading, Berkshire in, 1964, and has since expanded rapidly. It now has 3,000 employees in Britain, 1,000 of them in Reading.

Major computer firms like Honeywell, Hewlett Packard and

for Digital, told Reuters the company chose Reading mainly because of its good communications. Reading is just 45 minutes from

London by motorway, and even less using the new high-speed rail links. Britain's largest airport, Heathrow, with flights to more than 90 countries, is closer still.

"The early customers were located around here ... Oxford University and the Farnborough Royal Aircraft Establishment were chief customers," he added.

Government-funded research centres abound along Chip Row. The Harwell Nuclear Research Establishment and the Rutherford Physics Laboratory lie just north of the motorway in Oxfordshire, while to the south are the nuclear weapons laboratory at Ald-ermaston, and the Bracknell Meterological Office.

Not only do the research centres and local universities buy specialised equipment, they also provide expertise and ideas, not to mention staff, for the high tech companies.

Ferdinand Dijkstra, an analyst in the research department of surveyors Knight Frank and Rutley, said the main attraction of the premises.

Annual office rents in the city. London's financial heart, can reach 32 sterling per square foot (\$540 per square metre), while in Reading similar accommodation costs only 12 sterling a square foot (\$200 a square metre). Dijkstra

High technology firms were looking for attractive, outof-town locations, he said. With modern communications, the high tech firms no longer need to be in London, and they gain from providing a pleasant environment for

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their work force.

Dr. Ahmad Al Daken .

Al Kavali taxi ....

Grand Palace taxi Zeid taxi

Dr. Hamza Akakra ....

Overseas calls ...... Cable or telegram ....

Repair service

The Nile taxi

#### TV & RADIO

#### JORDAN TELEVISION

MAIN CH	IANNEL
17:30	Когал
17:50	Cartoons
18:10	Sports Billy
18:35	Heidi
19:00	Programme Review
19:10	Programme on Sports
20:00	News in Arabic
29:25	Special Programme
29:40	Arabic Series
21:45	Spotlights
22:20	Arabic Series
	Manual Acres

23:10

FOR	EIGN CHANNEL
18:00	French Programme
	News in French
19:30	News in Hebrew
20:00	News in Arabic
20:30	Movie of the Week: "Hard Hat
	and Legs"
22:00	News in English

#### RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW

& partly on 9500 KHz, SW	
07:00 Morning Sh	Ov
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#### **BBC WORLD SERVICE** 639, 720, 1413 KHz

... News Summary .. News Headlines

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 The Brotherhood of Brass 06:45 Interlude 06:55 Ref-

lections 07:00 World News 07:09 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 What's New 07:45 The World Today 68:00 Newsdeak 08:30 Jazz For the Asking 09:06 World News 09:09 24 Hours News Summary 09:30 Orlando Gibbons 09:45 Network U.K. 16:00 World News 16:09 Reflections 10:15 Strictly Instrumental 10:30 Alternative Proms 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:30 Interlude 11:40 Look Ahead 11:45 Discovery 12:15 Hermits 12:30 Diversions 13:00 World News 13:09 News about Britain 13:15 Letter from London 13:25 Scotland This Week 13:30 Sports International 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 The Quartet 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours News Summary 15:30 Nerwork U.K. 15:45 A Jolly Good Show 16:30 Classic Serial 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Outlook 18:00 Pageant of the Past 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Europe's Untidy Peace 18:45 Cricke 19:00 World News 19:69 Meridian 19:44 18:00 World News 19:69 Meridian 19:40 Scotland This Week 19:45 Sports Round up 20:60 World News 20:69 News about Britain 20:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 Nature Notebook 20:40 Farming World 21:90 News Summary 21:43 Look Ahead 21:45 Orlando Gibbons 22:00 World News 22:09 24 Hours News Summary 22:30 Hermits 22:45 Musical Families 23:15 Derby Preview 23:25 Paperback Choice 23:30 Classic 23:25 Paperback Choice 23:30 Classic Serial 24:00 World News 00:09 The World Today 00:25 Scotland This Week 00:40 Reflections 00:45 Sports Round up 01:00 World News 01:09 Com-

#### entary 0):15 Latin '83 01:30 Meridian

**VOICE OF AMERICA** 05:00 The Breakfast Show: News. Informal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reports, Interviews, Answers to Listener's Questions, Science wers to Listener's Questions, Science' Digest. News Summary at 30 minute past the hour. 17:00 News 17:10 This Week 17:30 Special English News and Features 18:00 News 18:10 American Viewpoints 18:30 Press Conference USA 19:00 News 19:10 This Week 19:30 Special English News and Features 28:00 News Weekend Survey of World News Correspondent's Reports. Music. News, Correspondent's Reports, Music, Cultural Events and Features 21:00 News 21:10 American Viewpoints 21:30 Press Conference USA 22:00 News and Editorial 22:15 Music USA (Jazz) 23:00 Weekend Survey of World News, Correspondent's Reports, Music, Cultural Events and Features

#### denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249. CUI TUDAY OF STREET

CULTURAL CENTRES
Royal Cultural Centre Tel. 661026/7
American Centre
British Council
French Cultural Centre 37000
Goethe Institute
Soviet Cultural Centre 44203
Spanish Cultural Centre 24040
Turkish Cultural Centre 39777
Haya Arts Centre 665195
Hussein Youth City 667181
Y.W.C.A 41793
Y.W.M.A. 664251
Amman Municipal Library 36111

#### MUSEUMS

m: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mo

#### FILM .

"Sparks In Neu-Groenland," (colour film subtitled in English), at the Goethe Institute at 8:00 p.m.

#### **CBS NEWS**

#### CHURCHES

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Goethe Institute
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Spanish Cultural Centre 24049
Turkish Cultural Centre 39777
Haya Arts Centre 665195
Hussein Youth City 667181
Y.W.C.A 41793
Y.W.M.A 664251
Amman Monicipal Library 36111 University of Jordan Library 843555

At the American Centre at 4:00 and

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, tel. 24590. Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, 37440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Anglican Church (Church of the Red-

COLIORAL CENTRES
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Goethe Institute
Soviet Cultural Centre 44203
Spanish Cultural Centre 24049
Turkish Cultural Centre 39777
Haya Arts Centre 665195
Hussein Youth City 667181
Y.W.C.A 41793
Y.W.M.A. 664251
Amman Monicipal Library 36111

#### WHAT'S GOING ON

#### **TODAY'S EVENTS**

Royal Cultural Centre Tel. 661026/7
American Centre
British Council
French Cultural Centre 37000
Goethe Institute
Soviet Cultural Centre 44203
Spanish Cultural Centre 24049
Turkish Cultural Centre 39777
Haya Arts Centre 665195
Hussein Youth City 667181
Y.W.C.A 41793
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Amount Manifold I there are access

# from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening bours: 9.00 a.m. - 5

p.m. Year-round. 1et. 51 / 700.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Cindel Hill).

Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. (Prinays and omera nonanys 10,00 a.m. 4,00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a

collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old hems such as costumes.

Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old nems such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays, Tel. 37169.

#### SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Marriott Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. Rotary Class. Meetings every Tuesday

at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman, Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261.

#### PRAYER TIMES

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### FOR THE TRAVELLER

':IMAN AIRPORT This information is supplied by Alia inf-ormation department at the Queen Alia International Airport tel. (08) 53250, where it should always be verified.

07102
99:15 Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ)
09:30 Jeddah (RJ)
09:40 Dhahran (RJ)
09:45 Kuwait (RI)
10:15 Beirut (RJ)
10:35 Dhahran, Riyadh (SV)
13:25 Cairo (EA:
13:40 Kuwait (KAC)
15:30 Cairo (RJ)
16:00 Bucharest, Istanbul (RJ)
16:15 Cairo (RJ)
16:15 Larnaca (RJ)
17:15 Frankfurt, Geneva (RJ)
17:15 New York, Vienna (RJ)
17:35 London, Paris (RJ)
18:25 Copenhagen, Athens (SK)
19572 Cohemaker vmen (24)
18:25 Zurich, Athens, Damascus (SR)
18:45 Amsterdam, Athens (KLM)
19:30 Tripoli (RJ)
19:40 Frankfurt, Damascus (LH)

DEPARTURES:

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67	7:55	Cairo (EA
		Beirut (MEA
16	:45	Athens, Tunis (Tt
11	1:00	Vienna, New York (RI
11	L:15	Tripoli (RJ
11	:30	Cairo (E.A
11	:30	Athens, Copenhagen (RJ
11	:45	Riyadh, Dhahran (SV
1.2	:15	Cairo (RI
12	2:15	Lamaca (R)
Ľ	:30	Madrid (Ri
14	£30	Kuwait (KAC

Cairo (EA

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19:50

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### Bangkok (RJ)

MONEY EXCHANGE
Local sell/buy rates in fils
Belgian franc
Dutch guilder 127.1/ 127.9
Egyptian guinea 333.7/ 337
French franc
Iraqi dinar 466.3/ 504.3
Italian lire (for 100) 24.1/ 24.3
Japanese yen (for 100) 150.7/ 151.6
Kuwaiti dinar 1232,7/ 1237.3
Lebanese lira 84.1/ 85.2
Omani riyal 1035.8/ 1042.5
Qatari riyal
Saudi riyal 104.2/ 104.7
Swedish crown 47.8/ 48.1
Swiss franc
Syrian lira
UAE dirham 97.8/ 98.5
U.K. sterling pound 577.4/ 580.9
U.S. dollar
C15: 40-101

#### WEATHER

W. German mark ....... 142.9/ 143.8

Lowthigh temperature in deg.C. Agaba ...

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

A drop in temperature is expected. Clouds will appear at different aktitudes. Winds will be northwesterly moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly mod-erate and seas calm.

# Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 29, Aqaba 36. Humidity rea-

dings: Amman 25 per cent, Aqaba 33

#### ICL are also represented in Chip Marcus Palliser, a spokesman

#### USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

#### EMERGENCIES . Queen Alia International Airport (08) 53333 Firstaid, fire, police ..... ...... 75121 Blood bank 75121 Civil Defence rescue 661111 Fire headquarters 22090-3 Police rescue 192, 21111, 37777 Police headquarters 39141

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Cherries 800 / 600	Pears 700 / 500
Coconut	Pepper (Sweet) 300 / 250
Cucumber (large) 160 / 120	Pepper (Hot Green) 360 / 300
Cucumber (small)	rotatoes
Eggplant (large)	Radish 150 / 120
Eggplant (small) 250 / 200	Spinach 200 / 160
Fakkous 160 / 120	Tomatoes 110 / 60
Gartic 230 / 180	Turnip
Grapefruit	Watermelon 100 / 70

# SPORTS

### Tennis tournament to be organised in aid of charity

AMMAN (J.T.) — A tennis toumament, in aid of Al Hussein Society for the Rehabilitation of the Physically Handicapped, will be held at the Royal Automobile Club in Amman from June 4-9.

The Amman Open Tennis Touroament is organised by the Lufthansa German Airlines and will be patronised by His Highness Prince Ra ad Ibn Zaid, who is also expected to participate in the toumament as a player.

A number of foreign ambassadors in Amman will also take part in the event, and will be app-

earing in the special final on June 9. A similar tournament was organised by the Lufthansa office in Jordan last year, but this year's event is the first time in which fund will be raised for charity. Al Hussein Society for the Reh-

abilitation of the Physically Handicapped was established in 1971. and is headed by Princess Majda, Prince Ra'ad's wife. Until the end of 1980, there were 6,000 handicapped persons in Jordan, but the society says only 200 of them receive attention and care, for lack of enough financial resources.

#### WANTED

Part-time female foreign secretary for English correspondence to work for three hours, in the afternoon.

Please contact Tel. 22046-24689 from 4:30 - 5:30 Mr. Abed Abu Omar.

Top seeds in men's singles register straight sets

# Durie topples Austin, reaches French Open tennis semifinals

PARIS (R) — Fourth-seeded American Tracy Austin, two-time U.S. Open champion, failed at the quarter-final stage of the French Open championships Monday when she was upset 6-1, 4-6, 6-0

by unseeded Jo Durie of Britain. Giant-killing American Kathy Horvath, who shocked top-seeded defending champion Martina Navratilova in the fourth round on Saturday, also went out Monday to Yugoslav Mima Jausovec by the unceremonious score of 6-1, 6-1. Durie and Jausovec will clash for a

place in the final. Two leading seeds in the men's competition registered straight sets wins in the fourth round. Guillermo Vilas of Argentina, seeded fourth, overcame 11th seeded American Jimmy Arias, the Italian Open champion, 7-5, 6-3, 6-2 to earn a quarter-final against eighth seeded Jose Higueras of

res Gomez, seeded 16th, 7-6, 6-4,

Durie, a 22-year-old from Bristol, faltered only briefly as she overcame a lacklustre challenge from Austin, whose lengthy international career as a teenager ended with her 20th birthday last December.

Durie's victory made her the first British girl to secure a sem-ifinal place in the French championships since Sue Barker won the title in 1976 in a very weak

settle into her familiar twohanded baseline game by Durie, a tall, elegant player with a good range of shots. The British girl only let Austin

Austin was rarely allowed to

off the hook once, when she had a chance to go 5-3 ahead in the second set on her service after racing through the first 6-1.

As Durie struggled Austin managed to hold her serve and broke back gratefully to win 6-4. But Austin's comeback was short-lived as Durie gathered herself together and dictated the final set with a series of beautifully executed passing shots and volleys.

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#### tastic. You can see me smile and I don't have words to describe it",

she said afterwards. It is the first time Durie, ranked 27th in the world, has reached the semifinals of a grand slam tou-

hout dropping a game.

Austin was crestfallen as she admitted afterwards: "She played

well, I played pretty awfully. I

wasn't moving well and I made many errors. I don't remember making so many errors, especially

on clay.
"I think I played a little bit bet-ter in the second set but the third

was one of the worst in my career

and Jo played well', the world's fourth-ranked girl said.

Durie was jubilant. "I feel fan-

Horvath, the petite 17year-old, could not produce the same form against Jausovec that she showed against Navratilova and was bundled out in just over an hour. She could find no chinks in the Yugoslav's armour and made a number of unforced errors

herself. Higueras, who has not dropped a set so far, won two tie-breakers against Gomez, a hard-hitting left-hander who won last year's Italian Open and who likes to att-

1009 sq.m. of land.

to-wall carpeting.

Austin's serve, never her strong point, disintegrated completely as Durie wrapped up the match witexperts on clay court, had few problems in his match with Arias. The young American put up some resistance in the first set but Vilas settled into his game, chasing down shots and not letting Arias dictate the pace.

#### McEnroe could be disqualified

LONDON (R) - John McEnroe could be thrown out of Wimbledon if his behaviour on court does not improve, officials at the world's premier tennis championship starting here in three weeks have said.

Wimbledon officials were app alled by his outbursts and tantrums at the French Open championships in Paris last week and said in the Sunday Times Sunday they will not tolerate it.

French officials fined the 24year-old American for abusing the umpire and attacking a photographer. But Alan Mills, the new Wimbledon referee, was quoted as saying they would not allow him to behave as he wishes.

"I want to say there is not vendetta against McEnroe, but I do not want to see a repetition of the scenes in Paris. There is no question of McEnroe not being disqualified because of who he is." Mills said

#### **BRITISH LADIES OF AMMAN**

TENNIS TALK

The backhand volley

THE BACKHAND volley is a difficult shot to hit. It often lacks

the strength necessary to make it, the effective, aggressive weapon it should be. I will try to pinpoint essential features for a good

When you are in ready position at the net, make sure your arms

are extended comfortably forward and that your elbows are in

front of your body. With elbows in front, you'll be able to hit the

volley well in front of your body, and that way be able to see the

ball at all times. If you wait with your elbows by your side, as most

players do, your racket will still be at your side when you react to a

Backhand volleys are best hit with a short chopping motion. As the ball approaches, the free hand should bring the racket back-but it still must be in front of the body. If you have the time,

you should turn to the side so that you can step off with your front

Many good players use slight wrist action. As they prepare to hit the ball the wrist is cocked. It snaps forward as the swing is made.

yet remains firm at the moment of contact. A well hit volley is

actually a sharp forward push; the racket head and wrist moving

forward in unison. The racket head must not be flicked at the ball.

Both the forearm and the wrist hit forward on the ball. This

creates under spin which keeps the ball in the court. Also the ball must be hit as far out in front of the body as possible. There should be little or no follow through, certainly the head of the racket should not drop below the wrist, and the player must recover

immediately to ready position as the ball may come back ins-

. I'll talk about special circumstances, like low volleys, high volleys.

These are the fundamentals of the backhand volley. Next week

quick return, and you'll never get a chance to see the ball.

strong backhand voiley.

foot as you punch the volley.

and those that come right at you.

tantaneously.

By Maureen Stalla

MONTHLY MEETING JUNE 1 Coffee morning at the Regency Palace Hotel 10 a.m. Do not forget to collect your ball tickets creche available:

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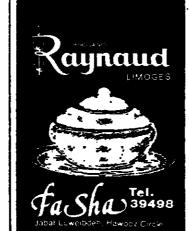
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#### TIME

U.S. economy gathers speed

U.S. recovery well under way (Time board of economists gives optimistic report)

Tension inside the PLO (Arafat's leadership challenged)

Nicaraguans to U.S.: Let's talk (interview with junta lea-

#### ACCOUNTANTS REQUIRED

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**AJMAN: P.O. Box 161** 

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\* Yarmouk University invites applicants for the position of Dean of the School of Dentistry. The position demands a dynamic, innovative professional with the ability to build a faculty, develop and administer academic programmes and take responsibility for recruitment. Applicants must have management and administrative exp-

QUALIFICATIONS: Professor of Dentistry with expertise in management and administration. Minimum 10 years of experience.

Interested applicants please send curriculum vitae to: Dean's Office Faculty of Medical Sciences Yarmouk University Irbid, Jordan

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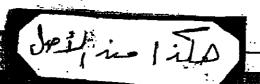
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Tarek Aboudi



Britain

to press

for ban

on lead

in petrol

next few weeks, called for lead

additives in petrol to be phased

British Prime Minister Mar-

garet Thatcher - if she is ret-

### Regan predicts 5-6% growth in U.S. economy

WASHINGTON (R) — U.S. Treasury Secretary Donald Regan told finance ministers at the Williamsburg summit the U.S. economy could expand by five to six per cent during the current quarter, the Washington Post reported Monday.

This would be the administration's most optimistic prediction to

The growth rate growth during the first quarter of the year was 3.1 per cent.

The Post said Mr. Regan forecast the new growth rate at a private meeting with finance ministers of West Germany, Britain, Canada,

Italy, Japan and France on Saturday night. No confirmation of the newspaper report was immediately avaliable, but a number of U.S. officials including Secretary of State Mr. George Shultz have said the recovery appears to be much stronger

than originally believed. Mr. Regan's forecast would indicate a sustained recovery from the severe worldwide recession which could significantly reduce unemployment in the seven summit nations.

But despite his prediction the summit leaders remained sceptical that U.S. budget deficits would be reduced enough to bring down interest rates and prolong recovery, the Post said.

### Banks, OPEC, West meet to study Third World aid

VIENNA (R) - A two-day meeting of OPEC and Western aid agencies and commercial banks opened here Monday to discuss assistance to the Third World, the OPEC Fund for International Development said.

In addition to the OPEC Fund, Arab aid agencies and Western donor countries grouped in the Development Assistance Committee (DAC), the meeting is attended by Arab and Western commercial banks and international financial institutions.

The meeting will examine the possibility of increasing commercial bank involvement in project financing in developing countries in cooperation with aid agencies. Organisations such as the World Bank and International Monetary

Fund (IMF) have called recently for continued commercial bank involvement in the Third World, despite the debt problems of many They argued that an economic upturn in the West depends on healthy Third World markets, while a financial collapse of dev-

ustrialised countries. The Vienna-based OPEC Fund, main aid agency of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries, is host to the meeting, which has been held annually since 1978 in Paris.

### Japanese firms reduce oil purchases from Iran

TEHRAN (R) - Several Japanese companies have recently renewed contracts to buy crude oil from Iran but the deals are for much less oil than before, diplomatic sources said Monday.

The sources said most of the 12 firms which had contracts with Iran had renewed them, but in several cases they were cutting purchases

by almost half.

Once all but the smallest of the old spatracts pur out at the end of June, the Japanese companies will be buying no more than 200,000 barrels per day (b/d) from Iran, compared with 330,000 b/d under the old contracts, the sources said. They said the companies cut back chiefly because Iran now was

insisting on selling at its official price of \$28 for a barrel of light crude, making the oil much less attractive than last year when Iran was offering big discounts to increase sales.

All the new deals are at the official price, the sources said. They said the Japanese believed the Iranians were disappointed at the cut in purchases and might retaliate by imposing restrictions on Iranian imports from Japan.

The trade houses buying the oil are also Japan's major exporters to Iran, selling products ranging from steel and construction equipment to textiles and tyres.



without hurting myself!"

one letter to each squi four ordinary words.

TUBOD

TREEB

BUESAD

INGOHM

Answer here:

THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME

WOULD YOU EXPECT

A MAN WHO HASA

FINGER IN A BIG TRANSPORTATION DEAL TO DO THIS?

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-

(Answers tomorrow)

gested by the above cartoon.

the mountains and see the scenery, or to to the beach and do this—BE THE SCENERY

Jumbles: EXERT CASTE DEPUTY BOBBIN Answer: When it domes to vacations, a girl can go to

#### urned to office after general election on June 9 -- plans to press the call for a ban at a summit meeting of leaders of the 10-nation bloc from June 17/19, the diplomats said. The London government decided that it should move towards lead-free petrol earlier this year. following an independent report on the damaging impact on the environment of leaded fuel. Environment groups which have been pushing for a ban say that lead released into in the atmosphere from car exhausts attacks the nervous system of children. lowering their intelligence and eloping countries if funds are cut off could seriously damage indcausing behavioural disturbances. Japan, the United States and Australia have already made the switch to unleaded fuel. Japan

Monday.

out from 1986.

### Air Lines reports large loss

TOKYO (R) — Japan Air Lines (IAL), the national carrier which is nearly 40 per cent, government owned, said Monday it-made a loss of 3.82 billion yen (\$16 million) in the year ended

Shareholders were told they could not expect any dividend this

A company spokesman said JAL had a difficult time coping with the weakness of the yen and had to turn to special reserves and sell seven aircraft to avoid making an even greater loss.

In the previous 12-month period it recorded a 5:54 billion yen (\$23.4 million) profit and hoped to return to that position in the current year, he said.

Although the yen trend against international currencies remains a worry, the airline said it thought falling oil prices and a current wage freeze would be a great help.

# **Experts say Soviet** economy in malaise

WASHINGTON (R) — A con-gressional study released Monday He said that altho said the Soviet Union was suffering from economic malaise but was unlikely to institute drastic reforms. The 1,000-page analysis, which

BRUSSELS (R) — Britain is to contains 50 studies by scholars press its European Community and government officials, genpartners next mouth to speed uperally supported reports that the progress towards a ban on the use Soviet economy has slowed down of lead in petrol, diplomats said and reinforced the belief that U.S. attempts to impose trade san-A British memorandum, which ctions have had little effect. It was will be sent to the nine other compiled by the joint economic community governments over the committee of Congress.

In a summary of some of the studies, Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) analyst Mr. Martin Kohn said: "The Soviet economy has entered a period of malaise marked by a pronounced slowing boomeranging".

He said that although economic results would probably fall short of official Soviet expectations, radical corrective action was unl-

"The Soviet economy, despite its monstrous inefficiencies and irrationalities, grinds on," he said. The Soviet leadership now rea-

lised that improving the economy depended on a better use of high technology products, not just infusions of more land, labour and capital as in the past, Mr. Kohn added.

The CIA analyst said one theme of the studies was that Western attempts to apply economic pressure on Moscow "run the risk of

One scholar wrote: "Using trade as a weapon frequently backfires so that the marksman often ends up wounding not only the victim but himself as well."

Mr. Kohn said it was an academic point anyway. because only the United States had pushed hard for trade restrictions.

Soviet subsidies and aid to Eastern Europe would continue, but the "unpromising character" of the Soviet Union's own economy would force it to demand greater economic benefits in return, he

A major constraint on Soviet Mr. Joan Zoettler said.

#### trade with the West was its lack of foreign exchange and that was unlikely to change soon, CIA analyst

# Dollar, sterling

FRANKFURT (R) - The dollar reached a six-month high in Frankfurt and another all-time record in Paris Monday as dealers said the Western economic summit at williamsburg had so far been inconclusive. Continued expectations of high

U.S. interest rates, making the dollar attractive to investors, pushed the currency to 2.5155 marks from Friday's close of 2.5075. In Paris the dollar opened at a record 7.5425 francs after closing

on Friday at 7.5265. Dealers said the seven heads of government meeting at Williamsburg had shown no sign of any serious move to curb the dollar's strength on world markets by

A draft final statement called for greater economic cooperation, monetary stability and more jobs. but made no mention of the possibility of an international conference on monetary reform, particularly sought by France but resisted by Washington.

Dealers said the U.S. autinterest rates following the announcement on Friday of a \$2.1 billion rise in U.S. money supply, after a \$7 billion rise announced the previous week.

Sterling also opened higher here Monday on continued expectations of a Conservative victory in the British general election on June 9, rising to 4.0395 marks from Friday's close at 4.0085.

The U.S. dollar rose in late Hong Kong trading to 2.5148 marks, having eased as Asian exchanges began their week while dealers awaited on outcome from the Williamsburg summit.

The Hong Kong dollar eased Monday to 7.13 to the U.S. dollar from Friday's closing level of 7.07 horities now had little room to cut as its trade-weighted index, measuring its 1981 value against 15 major currencies, fell 0.1 points to a record low of 73.9.

In Tokyo, the U.S. dollar closed at its highest level against the Japanese yen since April 14, at 238.45 yen after opening at

Markets in London and the United States are closed Monday for public holidays.

# OAPEC to meet in June to discuss judicial tribunal

Arab oil states will meet next month to study Syrian reservations over rules of procedure of an OAPEC judicial tribunal, the Middle East Economic Survey (MEES) said Monday.

The Nicosia-based oil industry journal gave no date for the meeting of officials from the Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC) in the Saudi Arabian summer resort of

But it said that if no agreement was reached, an extraordinary session of the OAPEC ministerial council would be held in Ramadan, the Muslim fasting month between mid-June and mid-July, to take final action.

MEES said these steps were

BAHRAIN (R) - Officials from decided at a regular meeting of the times at OAPEC headquarters in OAPEC ministerial council in Damascus last week.

> The first case referred to the tribunal soon after it was established a year ago was a dispute arising from Syria's closure of pipelines carrying Iraqi crude to Mediterranean terminals across Syrian

Syria has said the tribunal is not competent to deal with the Iraqi complaint since its procedural rules have not finally been ado-

already blocked by the war with Iran, the pipeline closure further

Syria, a political foe of Iraq. backs Iran in the Gulf conflict.

With its southern oil terminals

The tribunal has met several

Kuwait to hear the Iraqi complaint but has not passed any judgement.

MEES said Saudi Oil Minister Ahmad Zaki Yamani will head the Taif meeting in his capacity as the current chairman of the OAPEC ministerial council, with Syrian Oil Minister Abdul Jabbar Al Dahhak and the tribunal members in attendance.

Sheikh Abdul Rahman Al Mansouri, undersecretary for political affairs at the Saudi foreign ministry, is chairman of the tribunal of

ÓAPEC groups Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar, the Unieria, Tunisia, Syria and Iraq.

ted Arab Emirates, Libya, Alg-Egypt's membership has been

suspended.

#### **Peanuts**









#### Mutt 'n' Jeff







#### **Andy Capp**





FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, MAY 31, 1983

### YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The morning can bring some problems you do not need, but the afternoon finds you able to overcome obstacles easily. Listen closely to suggestions made by close ties.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Avoid calling on a difficult person early in the day. Be alert to carelessness on the part of others. Use good judgment.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) A financial matter needs more study before making a definite decision. Make this a a most worthwhile day.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Show others that you have poise if some unusual situation comes up today. Be sure not to lose your temper with anyone.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) A private matter could be upsetting early in the day, but later everything works out to your advantage.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Get rid of whatever is not practical in the morning and later you can be happy with your friends. Relax at home tonight.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) You can take care of an important home matter early in the day and later expand where your career is concerned.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Avoid changing present arrangement at work until you have first studied it well. Plan how to gain your finest aims.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Find a much better way of carrying through with agreements you have made with others. Strive to be more successful.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Steer clear of an irate associate in the morning and later all will straighten

out. Safeguard your reputation. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Use extreme care in handling all work ahead of you and avoid possible trouble.

Plan how to gain your finest aims. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Doing something special for persons you really like brings excellent results

at this time. Express happiness. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Avoid arguments at home early in the day and later there will be real harmony. Make long-range plans for the future.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will be one of those capable young persons who can get at the core of a situation and then know how best to handle it. Be sure to give chores early in life that could pave the way to

success later. Give fine spiritual training.
"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

### **THE Daily Crossword**

dance

Latest

fashion

32 Despot

33 Director

34 Dutch

37 Petty

quarrel 38 Equal

41 Bartlett

31

Grandiose

Preminge

Africans

40 Diminutive

or Bosc

43 Two-handed

**Positions** 

46 Cache - Rice Burroughs 48 Prepared

49 Crest

relative

Kenton

Michigan

card game

27 Lesion 28 Railing **ACROSS** 49 Therefore, 25 Debra of Nine inches humorously movies 52 Headliner 26 Burden 5 Bette of 32 Brimless 53 Dutch city 28 Pretty, in hat 0 Notorious 54 Dance of Scotland 29 Italian Ugandan 35 Brazilian

**Spotless** 57 Seaweed Astonish 58 Thaw 59 Room and 37 Sound units 60 Attired 38 Pedant Nasser or 61 Lessen 39 Devoured 40 Exhausted

i 8 Brazilian dances 41 Absence of 20 Resister, strife 42 Singer for short 22 Gladiator's 44 Noted 45 Angora and

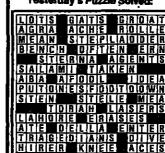
16 Adriatic

wind

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Most sharp

46 Car part Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:



2 Soup 3 Ballet positions Beak Degrade 9 Red or

63 Grant of

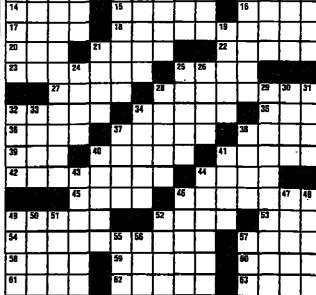
movies

DOWN

particle

1 Burning

50 Ostrich's 10 Cuts short 51 Fuel abbr. 11 Motivate 12 Persia 52 Bandleader 13 Astronaut's org. 19 Nostril 55 Recede 56 Canals in Withered 57 Language case: abbr. 24 Part of



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# WORLD

# Opinion polls indicate landslide victory for British Conservatives

LONDON (R) - The British general election campaign entered its last full week Monday with opinion polls predicting a landslide victory for the ruling Conservatives.

Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, who is seeking a second term of office on June 9, was due to return from the Western economic summit in Williamsburg Monday to resume campaigning.

Her party, with the support of between 46 and 49 per cent of those questioned, was at least 16 per cent ahead of the opposition Labour Party in weekend polls. Labour had 30 to 31.5 per cent support and

the fledgling Centrist Alliance 18 to 23. Leaders of the Alliance of Liberals and the new Social Democratic Party (SDP), who are seeking to break the two-party mould in British politics, held a strategy meeting in Scotland and, pointing to a slight improvement in the Alliance's showing in the polls, said Labour was already a spent force.

But Labour leader Michael Foot said in a television interview that he remained optimistic despite his party's poor showing.

British police said last week they had given extra protection to Mrs. Thatcher, Mr. Foot and Alliance leaders Roy Jenkins and David Steel because of indications that Irish Republican Army guerrillas (IRA) were planning a political assassination.

At its meeting Sunday, the Alliance decided to adopt what it called a higher profile and give Mr. Steel, the Liberal Party's popular leader, a larger role in its television campaign.

Briton's choice for prime minister, but Mr. Jenkins remains the Alliance's prime minister designate.

Steel and Jenkins said they would limit attacks on the other parties and concentrate on Alliance policies in the hope of wooing disillusioned Labour supporters or Conservative voters wary of too extreme a brand of conservatism.

Conservatives have responded by turning to the Alliance.

#### IRA suspect discovered in his home

TRALEE, Ireland (R) - One of two Irishmen suspected of plotting to kill a British political leader during the general election campaign surfaced here Sunday to condemn the claim as an "election ploy". British police said they feared an Irish Republican Army (IRA) hit-squad was planning attacks on politicians and that Irish activist

Sean O'Callaghan had slipped into Britain. However, O'Callaghan, 30, insisted he had not been in Britain since 1978 and rejected reports he had been active in the IRA which is fighting British rule in Northern Ireland.

They are still hunting the second named man, 30 year-old John Downey, who is wanted in connection with two bombings in London last year in which eight soldiers were killed.

#### Former SS officer tried for massacre in France

EAST BERLIN (R) - Former Nazi SS officer Heinz Barth, on trial for war crimes, wept in court Monday as he admitted helping to kill some of the 642 French villagers massacred at Oradoursur-Glane during World War II.

Barth, who showed little emotion during the first three days of the trial last week, broke down as he told presiding judge Heinz Hugot how he led a firing squad that shot 20 of the villagers in western France in 1944.

He is charged with his part in the massacre and with helping to kill 92 Czechs in 1942.

Barth, a platoon leader in the SS "Das Reich" division, said his unit had encircled the village, searched

houses and rounded up civilians. They herded 20 men from one part of the village into a garage and gunned them down. "I also shot with my submachine-gun." Barth said.

Barth, who was a lieutenant. repeatedly said he never questioned his orders to do what he

"I was told that a place was to be annihilated - all the people to be killed and the village burned ... I assumed it was because partisans were staying there," Barth said. He told the judge he had heard that reprisals were to be carried out against the population for the disappearance of a Maj. Kaempffe, an SS battalion commander in Barth's regiment.

Asked if he thought the order justified, he said: "I carried out my orders. I saw it as something that happens in a war."

village. "The order was clear. We never talked about it, never thoshot," he answered.

The specific charge against Barth says there were 64 primary school-children among those rounded up by his unit. The judge pressed Barth to say whether he was clear that the orders included killing children. "I had my orders, which I understood as total annihilation," he said.

Barth said one villager pleaded to be reprieved because he was a civilian working for the German occupying forces. "I went to the battalion commander but I got a short sharp answer. The man had'

### S. Korean politician to continue hunger strike

SEOUL (R)-Former opposition inite plans at the moment to return leader Kim Young-Sam said home and would remain in hos-Monday he had been freed from house arrest but would continue a 13-day-old hunger strike until the government restored full democracy in South Korea.

Mr. Kim, 55, who had been under house arrest since June last year, was taken forcibly from his home by police last Wednesday to a hospital where he refused food and medication.

"A high official from the government visited me last (Sunday) night and said that my house arrest was being lifted without any conditions from midnight," Kim told reporters.

Aides said riot police and plainclothesmen, who had guarded both the hospital and his home turning away visitors to Mr. Kim, withdrew after midnight.

Mr. Kim, lying in bed at the Seoul National University Hospital, his face emaciated, greeted local and foreign reporters with a

pital. "As long as he continues fasting it does not matter where he does it," they said.

Eleven former members of the non-defunct main opposition New Democratic Party (NDP), who had joined Mr. Kim in the hunger strike to back his demands, were also freed from house arrest from Monday, the aides said.

As NDP leader, Mr. Kim was contender when he was first placed under house arrest in May 1980. This followed the declaration of full martial law after student riots throughout the cou-

He was released later but confined again after giving an interview to the New York Times last year in which he criticised the gov-

The aides said Mr. Kim was continuing his hunger strike because the lifting of his house arrest was not among his demands to the government, which mainly concerned a return to democracy.

### U.S. envoy to Salvador to be replaced in Shake-up

WILLIAMSBURG, Virginia (R) - President Reagan, continuing a shakeup of his advisers on Central America, is replacing ambassador to El Salvador Deane Hinton, U.S. officials said.

The latest move, expected to be formally announced shortly, followed Friday's removal of Thomas Enders, assistant secretary of The officials described Mr. Hin-

ssignment, saying said he had done an arduous job carrying out the U.S. policy of helping the Salvadorean government in its long struggle against leftist guerrillas. But the move intensified speculation that Mr. Reagan was dis-

policy. U.S. military in Mr. Enders will be replaced by tral America.

ambassador to Brazil Langhorne Motley if the Senate confirms the who will be named to succeed Mr.

He was picked for the post by Alexander Haig, Mr. Reagan's first secretary of state who resigned last June after personality and policy conflicts with members of the White House staff.

through negotiation with the guerrillas even while the military campaign continues.

### Soviet scientists create artificial Venus rocks

MOSCOW (R)—Soviet scientists have created artificial "samples" of the rocks covering most of the Moscow newspaper reported added. Sunday.

The daily Komsomolskaya Pravda said the specimens were produced in a long series of laboratory experiments based on data from two Soviet space probes which landed on Venus last year and sent back details of soil com-

It quoted the head of the Moscow laboratory, Yuri Surkov, as saying it was the first time the surface rocks of another planet had been successfully recreated on earth.

One of the space probes landed on a hill on Venus and the other in a valley. The combined information from them gave a profile of surface conditions which are typical for 90 per cent of the planet, Prof. Surkov said.

The probes had confirmed earlier theories that Venus is covered in basalt-type rock of volcanic ori-

Rocks similar to those in the val- four billion years ago.

levs of the planet can be found at the bottom of the Atlantic Ocean but there is no equivalent on earth surface of the planet Venus, a to the basalt found in the hills, he

> Siberia's Baikal region, which came closest to the Venusian material. Prof. Surkov's team carried out dozens of chemical experiments until they produced a material identical in its composition to the data on Venus's

This involved adding sulphur, chlorine and fluorines to the basalt and recreating the formative conditions on Venus, where the surface temperature is 500 celsius (over 900 Fahrenheit).

Komsomolskaya Pravda described the resulting rock sample as baick, very dense and heavy and with a dull glass-like glitter at the

Prof. Surkov said the experiment was of immense value to scientists researching the origins of the solar system and the earth as surface conditions on Venus today resembled those on our planet

#### Council of Europe asks Turkey to commute 44 death sentences

STRASBOURG, France (R) -The council of Europe's parliamentary assembly Monday asked Turkish President Gen. Kenan Evren to commute 44 death sentences passed by Turkish military courts last week.

In a telegram to Gen. Evren, the assembly president, West German Social Democrat parliamentarian Karl Ahrens, voiced concern about the sentences.

"I urge you to exercise your prerogative to grant clemency," Mr. Ahrens said.

Last week Turkish military courts sentenced to death 35 Kurds for establishing a Kurdish nationalist movement as well as nine alleged members of the Turkish People's Communist Party Front (THKP-C) for political crimes.

Turkey's relations with the 21-nation Council of Europe, of which it is a member, have been strained since the military takcover in September 1980.

The ruling junta will have to defend itself before the European human rights commission next October after allegations by five Council of Europe countries that Turkey mistreated prisoners and

### Mrs. Gandhi campaigns in violent northern state

town stays three-day campaign tour Monday unflustered in the northern Indian state of Jammu and Kashmir where latest estimates said 1,000 people were By Alan Philps injured in pre-election clashes

ction meetings in the southern

Jammu region of the sensitive fro-

ntier state, alleged people were

being threatened with dire con-

with Cypriot President Spyros

died at the age of 84, his office said

A spokeswoman did not give

Mr. Pelshe was a Latvian who

for years headed the party's wat-

at Kremlin celebrations for the

anniversary of Lenin's birth on

Mr. Pelshe was the only sur-

viving member of the politburo

who joined the Bolshevik Party

before the 1917 revolution and

number of members of the pol-

itburo, which is headed by Yuri

The death of Mr. Pelshe could

GENEVA (R) — A call for pro-

gressive elimination of child lab-

our across the world will be the

dominant theme of the annual

conference of the International

Labour Organisation (ILO) ope-

The ILO, with some 150

The delegates are also asking

how Poland, if it does participate,

will react to continued ILO cri-

ticism and whether the org-

anisation risks poisoning its rel-

ations with the whole Soviet bloc.

On child labour, the conference

will consider a report on the 50 to

100 million of the world's children

whose employment, at long hours and low pay, ILO Director-General Francis Blanchard calls

an affront to our conscience."

In addition, the conference will

hear speeches by Egyptian Pre-sident Hosni Mubarak and Aus-

tralian Prime Minister Bob

Hawke as well as considering a

proposed ILO code which would

guarantee the right to work and

encourage states to find measures

The governing body wanted

idarity, its treatment of former

union leaders and the restrictive

labour law enacted last October.

to uphold it.

member-states, watches over lab-

our rights around the globe.

ning on Wednesday.

ortunity to promote another eland of Latvia.

ILO to study ways to

eliminate child labour

cheog control commission.

the cause of his death.

Monday.

April 22.

met Lenin.

Andropov.

Nicosia was very close.

agency reported.

threats and violence.

SHTOURA, Lebanon - A two-The violence erupted between second burst of automatic rifle fire supporters of rival parties for next echoed through the streets of this Sunday's state election, including crossroads town lying behind the Kashmir's ruling National Conmassed tanks and troops of the ference Party and Mrs. Gandhi's Syrian army in eastern Lebanon. None of the soldiers, Pal-Congress (I). Mrs. Gandhi, addressing ele-

estinian guerrilias or shoppers in the run-down streets turned their heads at the all-too familiar bark of the Kalashnikov rifle.

It could have been the settlement of a factional feud, an irate driver firing in the air to clear a traffic jam or - more likely -- a teenage gunman cleaning his wea-

Lebanese

'Wild West'

The people of Shtoura, a lawless place sometimes compared with America's old Wild West, appear just as unconcerned at reports of high tension on the Syrian-Israeli front-line some 18 kilometres to

State-run Beirut Radio said Israeli planes Saturday came under anti-aircraft fire in Syriancontrolled northern Lebanon. adding to fears of an imminent showdown in the Bekaa Valley between Israel and Syria, both of whom have accused the other of preparing to attack.

Israeli army officers also reported that Syrian troops were seen leaving the Shtoura area, apparently at the end of Syrian manoeuvres which led Israel to put its forces on high alert.

But on a drive through the Bekaa Saturday there was no sign of troop movements apart from the normal flow of mainly empty trucks heading back and forth over the Syrian border to the east. 'Everything is quiet'

A taxi driver waiting for a fare by a petrol station bombed out during last summer's brief Israeli-Syrian battles said: "It's been quiet here all day."

During a stopover in Shtoura to change taxis - a common practice in Lebanon where drivers fear to cross territory held by hostile armies or factional groups - not even burst of gunfire disturbed the hoppers in the spring sunshine.

A Syrian paratrooper in red andgreen camouflage who hitched a ride from the Syrian border said he was less worried by the Israelis than what his captain would say when he returned late from leave.

Syria is estimated to have upwards of 40,000 troops in northern and eastern Lebanon which Israel says have recently been boosted by new commando units and supplies of Soviet-made tanks and heavy weapons.

They are flanked by at least 8,000 Palestinian guerrillas of various factions who have offices in the backstreets of Shtoura and nearby towns dotted among the orchards and fields of the valley

Israel is said to have boosted its estimated 25,000 men and reinforced forward positions.

moves appear to have much effect on Shtoura, where the streets have been crowded with Syrian soldiers and Palestinian fighters since Israel invaded Lebanon last June.

#### New Turkish left-of-centre party formed

of Turkey's major political heroes has announced he is forming a new party, the fifth to emerge since the ruling generals lifted a ban on politics ahead of November general elections.

former prime minister and president, Ismet Inonu, told reporters: "Our party's programme will have similarities with Social Democratic parties in the Western context, but we will also take the realities of our country into eff-

support from many devotees of the old Republican People's Party (RPP), led for many years by Ismet Inonu but banned along with all parties after the 1980 military coup.

Elections for a new civilian gov-

campagin publicly.

After the inquiry was approved, the Soviet Union said Warsaw be officially registered shortly, is the second left-of-centre group to be formed since the ban on politics. was lifted last month.

utenant of Mustafa Kemal Ataturk, the founder of the Turkish republic, and his name still has restricted trade union freedoms. | considerable political mystique. | and.

### NEW DELHI (R) - Prime Min- of trucks and buses carrying Natister Indira Gandhi opened a ional Conference supporters

drove through several villages in the Kashmir Valley. In one township there was an exchange of gunfire between two clashing groups, and there were also reports of vehicles being burned and shops and houses looted. PTI said.

Alleging the National Conference had resorted to violence, Mrs. Gandhi asked: "Is this democracy?

She said Congress (I) believed in fair and free elections. It had been defeated in polls in the southern states of Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka in January and had sequences if votes were not polled bowed to the wishes of the people. for the National Conference, the

Press Trust of India (PTI) news About 1,500 people have been reported injured so far in clashes during the campaign for the 76-She called on voters not to be intimidated by what she called seat state assembly. At least three people have died.

cent of the island's 700,000 pop-

Mr. Pelske stayed in the bac-

kground of the politburo line-up

to which he was elected in 1966.

He was the first Latvian to serve in

He was born on Feb. 7, 1899

Mr. Pelshe joined the Com-

munist Party when he was just 16,

part in the October revolution

which put the Bolsheviks in

and teaching in the Red Army.

Much of his work until 1940 was

After the World War II he

ILO sources said Moscow has

been dragging its feet on an org-

anisation request for a fact-finding

mission to be allowed to inv-

estigate charges that slave labour

was used in construction of the Siberian natural gas pipeline. Moscow invited an ILO team to

make a visit-late last year, they

said but balked at the conditions

the ILO set for inspecting work

In his main report to the con-

ference, Blanchard called for the

"progressive elimination of una-

cceptable labour by those too

He cited cases of children wor-

king in mines, employed as sea-

sonal help in pesticide-soaked fie-

lds or forced to risk their eyesight

by installing tiny wires in ele-

He said member states should

consider strict bans on work haz-

ardous to children, the str-

engthening of inspection arr-

angements where they do work

and improved educational opp-

With over 500 million people

unemployed or underemployed

around the world. ILO members

have also been considering new

global standards which could gua-

legally binding but ratifying them

Such standards would not be

rantee the right to work.

ortunity to work.

oyment".

sites and labourers.

young to undertake it."

ctronic equipment.

ortunities.

for the security police.

His first jobs as a party official

the top leadership ranks.

vian capital, Riga.

The Ruling National Con-ference is led by Chief Minister PTI reported that 1,000 people were hurt in Sunday's pitched bat-Farouq Abdullah, son of Sheikh It said the violence, in which Mohammad Abdullah, "the lion rival groups used knives and hur- of Kashmir," who died last Sepled stones, broke out as a convoy tember.

Papandreou meets Kyprianou

discussed the Cyprus problem troops from the island.

mness" the Turkish reaction to Turkish troops.

member dies at 84

ATHENS (R) - Greek Prime this month's U.N. resolution cal-

Minister Andreas Papandreou has ling for the withdrawal of Turkish

Kyprianou and said later that coo- which said leaders of Turkish Cyp-

peration between Athens and riots, who make up about 18 per

leaders faced "with calm and fir- northern Cyprus, occupied by

Oldest Soviet politburo

MOSCOW (R)—The oldest member of the party hierarchy

member of the Soviet Union's rul- and strengthen his position at an

ing politburo, Arvid Pelshe, has expected party plenum next

hdog control commission. into a peasant family in the Bau-His last public appearance was ska district not far from the Lat-

power.

His death reduces to 11 the spanned farming in Kazakhstan

month.

#### Trouble on board

# freed from jail

VIENNA (R) — Vaclav Benda, 36, a spokesman of the Czechoslovak Charter 77 human rights movement has been released after four years in prison on charges of subversion, emigre sources here said. Benda, a computer programmer, was sentenced in Oct. 1979 with five others, including prominent playwright Vacleaving Latvia to take an active ay Havel. The trial aroused strong criticism in the West. Benda was one of three Charter 77 spokesmen, all prominent members of the Committee for the Defence of the Unjustly Persecuted (VONS), at the time of his arrest

#### give Mr. Andropov an opp- began his rise to power in his hom-White Zimbabwean

Glendale farm, about 60 kil-

#### **Ugandan Red Cross** gets rough treatment

KAMPALA (R) — A Roman Catholic priest has said that he and officials of the Uganda Red Cross had been flailed with steel whips by soldiers who mistook them for guerrillas while they were deivering food to refugees. Joseph Mukasa Balikuddembe, director of social services in the Kampala arch diocese, told reporters the relief workers were stopped in the Lowero district north east of Kampala after they had accidentally separated from their armed security escort. He said the soldiers threatened to kill them and agreed to their release only after arrival of the relief team's security squad. All relief food they were carrying was confiscated, he

### Mild earthquake

parts of Tehran Sunday night, but there were no immediate reports: in London, quoted the geophysics wording of the question. time (1715 GMT).

# NEWS BRIEF

#### Poll reveals world ignorant about Arabs

**DUBAL**, United Arab Emirates (R) — Many people in the United States, France and Japan believe all Arabs are either oil-rich sheikhs or nomads living in North Africa, according to a recent report. The report, published in the daily Khaleej Times, was based on a survey in the three countries commissioned by the United Arab Emirates' (UAE's) information and culture ministry. It did not say how many people were polled. Nearly 50 per cent of Americans think all Arabs are oil-rich sheikhs, 41 per cent of Frenchmen believe they live in North Africa and 50 per cent see them as nomads, while three in every four Japanese see them as oil-rich.

### Soviet cruiser

MOSCOW (R) — The Soviet navy has had to deal with serious discipline problems among the crew of one of its strategic command ships, the cruiser Zhdanov. He was referring to reports according to a magazine report. The ideological journal "Communist of the Armed Forces' gave no details of the trouble on board the warship, which is based in the Black Sea, but it made clear it had Speaking to reporters after the ulation, had threatened to declare meeting, Mr. Kyprianou said the an independent separate state in caused deep concern among naval chiefs. The author of the report, Rear-Adm. E. Zimin, said there had been "deviations from the demands of our regulations and our moral norms' among the sailors and "flagrant violations of military discipline".

# Charter 77 member

in May 1979.

# couple murdered

HARARE (R) — A white farmer and his wife have been murdered in Zimbabwe's Mashonaland province, farming sources said Monday. Barry and Diana Brooke were found dead Sunday at their ometres northeast of Harare. They had been shot. The sources said they suspected that the killers were after money. Mrs. Brooke's body was found near a cash safe and that of her husband was outside their home, they added.

# shakes Tehran

would imply that governments meant to do their best to ensure all able-bodied citizens had the opp-LONDON (R) - A mild earthquake registering 4.5 on the open-ended Richter scale shook Answering an ILO question on the issue, 60 countries from East and West Europe and the Third World agreed that the right to of damage or casualties, the natwork code should promote "full, ional Iranian news agency IRNA productive and freely chosen empreported. The agency, monitored Eight nations, including the Institute of Tehran University as United States, Britain, West saying the epicentre was 80 kil-Germany and Italy, answered in ometres southeast of the Iranian the negative or disagreed with the capital. It struck at 8.45 p.m. local

#### "I don't feel well, but I can continue. Thank you all," he said. Aides said Mr. Kim had no def-**GOREN BRIDGE** BY CHARLES GOREN ©1982 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc. HOLD THAT STOPPER! Both vulnerable. South deals. that one of the defenders NORTH ♥ Q9754 ◇ A 109 +KQ976 EAST

◆K98654 ◆J1073 ♥ Void ♥8632 O 2 0 J7654 **43** + AJ102 SOUTH +AQ2 ♥AKJ10 ♦KQ83 **485** The bidding has proceeded: South West North East 1 ♥ Pass 2 ◆ Pass 3 NT Pass 6 ♥ Pass

Opening lead: Two of ⋄. Distribution can play strange tricks with seemingly impregnable contracts. But rash play when one is fac- . ed with a distributional quirk can be as costly.

Pass Pass

North-South conducted a sensible auction to arrive at their optimum spot. South showed a hand stronger than a one no trump opening bid when he jumped in no trump at his second turn. With superb fit for South's suit and first- or second-round control of every side suit. North bid what he expected to make.

West led his low diamond, and dummy's nine won the trick. It was obvious to all held a singleton diamond, but even so, declarer expected no trouble with the hand-until he led a trump to his king and East sluffed a diamond. Now it was obvious that it was West who held the singleton

diamond.

Declarer panicked. He could not afford to lead a club to the king immediately lest West obtain a diamond ruff, so he decided he had to ruff spades. He cashed the ace of spades and ruffed a spade, came back to hand with the ten of trumps and ruffed his remaining spade. He overtook the queen of trumps and drew the remainder of the trumps. Next he cashed out his diamonds. When he finally led a club, East took the ace of clubs and a spade for a one-trick set.

Declarer was on the right track, but he should have taken a few moments to consider the hand. His error was in releasing the ace of spades prematurely. He should have proceeded to ruff his two spade losers while retaining the top spade in his hand. Then when he plays a club to the king and ace, the defenders are helpiess. Declarer controls every suit, and he comes to twelve tricks via one spade, two spade ruffs, four trumps, four diamonds and a club.

#### Judge Hugot asked him if he felt any emotion when he first saw the ught about it. Everyone was to be seen too much. He was to be

state for inter-American affairs. ton's replacement as a routine rea-

satisfied with the execution of his controversial Central American

nomination. There was no immediate indication at the sevennation economic summit here of Hinton in El Salvador.

Mr. Enders was criticised for arguing the U.S. must try harder to end the civil war in El Salvador

The officials said the two job changes did not foreshadow more

U.S. military involvement in Cen-

The other side of the front-line, None of these reported military

ANKARA (R) — The son of one

Erdal Inonu, son of the late

The Polish inquiry was decided on after several requests for inf-The party is expected to draw ormation or for the green light to send an ILO fact-finding mission were rejected. Poland, a charter member of the ILO, to justify its outlawing of the independent trade union Sol-

ernment have been set for Nov. 6. Parties are not yet allowed to Mr. Inonu's party, expected to

On the right-of-centre, three parties have registered. Ismet Inonu was the trusted lie-

might have to reconsider its further activities in the ILO and questioned the objectivity of ILO committee reports which review each member's record in respecting labour codes. Western diplomats at the session told Renters that Moscow's

approach seemed to be hardening. as the ILO focussed more on Pol-